

### Wycliffe's Bible with Modern Spelling (Enhanced) English: Wycliffe's Bible Modern Spelling (Enhanced) (with Deuterocanon)

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Language: English

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Translation by: Terry Noble

#### Wycliffe's Bible with Modern Spelling (Enhanced)

Wycliffe's Bible with Modern Spelling (Enhanced) is a composite of my Wycliffe's Bible, a modern-spelling version of the 14th century Middle English translation, consisting of Wycliffe's Old Testament and Wycliffe's New Testament, and my modern-spelling version of Wycliffe's Apocrypha. These books contain literally tens of thousands of rewritten verses, presented in parentheses "()", to provide help in comprehending the 14th century Middle English vocabulary and grammar. Wycliffe's Apocrypha also includes the books of the Apocrypha from the 1st edition of the King James Version of the Bible.

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# **1ST CORINTHIANS**

<sup>1</sup> Paul, called *(an)* apostle of Jesus Christ, by the will of God, and Sosthenes, *(a)* brother,

<sup>2</sup> to the church of God that is at Corinth, to them that be hallowed in Christ Jesus, and called saints, (or to those who be consecrated in the Messiah Jesus, and be called God's people), with all that inwardly call the name of our Lord Jesus Christ [or with all that in-call the name of our Lord Jesus Christ], in each place of them and of ours (or in every place of theirs and of ours),

<sup>3</sup> grace (*be*) to you and (*the*) peace of God, our Father, and of the Lord Jesus Christ.

<sup>4</sup> I do thankings to my God (*for*)evermore for you, in the grace of God that is given to you in Christ Jesus. (*I give thanks always to my God for you, for the grace of God which is given to you in the Messiah Jesus.*)

<sup>5</sup> For in all things ye be made rich in him, in each word, and in each cunning, (or knowing), [or science], (or in all knowledge),

<sup>6</sup> as the witnessing of Christ is confirmed in you; (as the testimony of the Messiah is confirmed in you;)

<sup>7</sup> so that nothing fail to you in any grace (or of any blessing), that abide the showing [or the revelation] of our Lord Jesus Christ;

<sup>8</sup> which also shall confirm you into the end without crime, [or great sin], in the day of the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ.

<sup>9</sup> A true God [or Forsooth God is true], by whom ye be called into the fellowship of his Son Jesus Christ our Lord.

<sup>10</sup> But, brethren, I beseech you, by the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, that ye all say the same thing, and that dissensions, [or schisms, or divisions, or discords], be not among you; but be ye perfect in the same wit, (or in the same thinking, or of the same mind), and in the same cunning, (or the same knowing, or with the same knowledge).

<sup>11</sup> For, my brethren, it is told to me of them that be at Chloe's, that strives (*or arguments*) be among you.

<sup>12</sup> And I say that, that each of you saith, For I am of Paul, and I *am* of Apollos, and I *am* of Cephas, *[that is, Peter]*, but I *am* of Christ.

<sup>13</sup> Whether Christ is parted? (or Is the Messiah divided?) whether Paul was crucified for you, either ye be baptized in the name of Paul?

<sup>14</sup> I do thankings to my God (*or I give thanks to my God*), that I baptized none of you, but Crispus and Gaius;

<sup>15</sup> lest any man say, that ye be baptized in my name.

<sup>16</sup> And I baptized also the house of Stephanas, but I know not, that I baptized any other.

<sup>17</sup> For Christ sent me not to baptize, but to preach the gospel [or to evangelize]; not in (the) wisdom of word(s), that the cross of Christ be not voided away (or so that the cross of the Messiah be made of no consequence).

<sup>18</sup> For the word of the cross is folly to them that perish; but to them that be made safe, that is to say, to us, it is the virtue of God. (For the word of the cross is foolishness to those who perish; but for those who be saved, that is to say, for us, it is the power of God.)

<sup>19</sup> For it is written, I shall destroy the wisdom of wise men, and I shall reprove the prudence of prudent men.

<sup>20</sup> Where is the wise man? where is the wise lawyer? [or where is the writer, or the man of (the) law?] where is the purchaser of this world? Whether God hath not made the wisdom of this world fond [or foolish]?

<sup>21</sup> For the world, in *(the)* wisdom of God, knew not God by wisdom, *[or For why for in the wisdom of God, the world knew not God by wisdom]*, it pleased to God, by *[the]* folly of preaching, to make them safe that believed, *(or it pleased God, by the foolishness of preaching, to save those who believed)*.

<sup>22</sup> For Jews seek signs, and Greeks seek wisdom;

<sup>23</sup> but we preach Christ crucified, to the Jews (*a*) cause of stumbling, and to heathen men folly; (*but we preach the crucified Messiah, to the Jews a stumbling block, and to the Gentiles foolishness;*)

<sup>24</sup> but to those Jews and Greeks that be called, *we preach* Christ the virtue of God, and the wisdom of God. *(but to those Jews and Greeks who be called, we preach the Messiah to be the power of God, and the wisdom of God.)* 

<sup>25</sup> For that that is (*a*) folly thing of God, is wiser than men; and that that is the feeble, [or (the) frail], thing of God, is stronger than men. (For that which is a foolish thing of God, is wiser than men; and that which is the frail or the weak thing of God, is stronger than men.)

<sup>26</sup> But, brethren, see ye your calling, (or But, brothers, see to your calling); for not many (of you be) wise men after the flesh, not many mighty, not many noble.

<sup>27</sup> But God chose those things that be fond [or that be foolish] of the world, to confound wise men; and God chose

the feeble, [or (the) frail], things of the world, to confound the strong things; (But God chose those things that be foolish in the world, to shame the wise; and God chose the frail or the weak things of the world, to shame the strong;)

<sup>28</sup> and God chose the unnoble things and *(the)* despisable things of the world, and those things that be not, to destroy those things that be;

<sup>29</sup> that each man have not glory in his sight. (so that no one can boast in the presence of God or before God.)

<sup>30</sup> But of him ye be in Christ Jesus, which is made of God to us wisdom, and rightwiseness, and holiness, and againbuying; (For ye be in the Messiah Jesus, whom God made to be for us our wisdom, and righteousness, and holiness, and redemption;)

<sup>31</sup> that, as it is written, He that glorieth, have glory in the Lord. (so that, as it is written, He who boasteth, boast of the Lord.)

## **CHAPTER 2**

<sup>1</sup> And I, brethren, when I came to you, came not in the highness of word(s), either of wisdom, telling, [or showing], to you the witnessing of Christ (or telling the testimony of the Messiah).

<sup>2</sup> For I deemed not me to know anything among you, but Christ Jesus, and him crucified. (For I judged, or I determined, that when I was among you, I did not know anything, except the Messiah Jesus, and his crucifixion.)

<sup>3</sup> And I in sickness, and dread, and in much trembling, was among you [or was with you]; (And I in frailty or weakness, and in fear, and in much trembling, was with you;)

<sup>4</sup> and my word(s) and my preaching was not in (or with) subtly stirring [or persuadable] words of man's wisdom, but in (the) showing of (the) Spirit and of virtue (or and of the power);

<sup>5</sup> (so) that your faith be not in the wisdom of men, but in the virtue of God (or but in the power of God).

<sup>6</sup> For we speak wisdom among perfect men, but not (*the*) wisdom of this world, neither of (*the*) princes of this world, that be destroyed, (*or nor of the rulers of this world, who be destroyed*);

<sup>7</sup> but we speak the wisdom of God in mystery, which wisdom is hid; which wisdom God before-ordained before (the) worlds into our glory, (but we speak God's secret wisdom, which wisdom is hidden; whichwisdom God beforeordained before the making or the creation of the world for our glory,) <sup>8</sup> which none of the princes of this world knew; for if they had known (*it*), they should never have crucified the Lord of glory. (which none of the rulers of this world knew; for if they had known it, they would never have crucified the Lord of glory.)

<sup>9</sup> But as it is written, That eye saw not, nor ear heard, neither it ascended into the heart of man, what things God arrayed [or made ready before] to them that love him (or what things God hath prepared for those who love him);

<sup>10</sup> but God showed to us by his Spirit. For why the Spirit searcheth all things, yea, the deep things of God.

<sup>11</sup> And who of men knoweth, what things be of man, but the spirit of man that is in him? So what things be of God, no man knoweth, but the Spirit of God.

<sup>12</sup> And we have not received the spirit of this world, but the Spirit that is of God, that we know what things be given to us of God. (And we have not received the spirit of this world, but the Spirit that is from God, so that we know what things be given to us from God.)

<sup>13</sup> Which things we speak also, not in wise [or in taught] words of man's wisdom, but in the doctrine of the Spirit, and make a likeness [or a comparison] of spiritual things to ghostly men (or and make a comparison of spiritual things for spiritual men).

<sup>14</sup> For a beastly man perceiveth not those things that be of the Spirit of God; for it is folly to him, and he may not understand, for it is examined, [or assayed], ghostly. (For a fleshly man perceiveth not those things that be of God's Spirit; for it is foolishness to him, and he cannot understand, for it is examined spiritually.)

<sup>15</sup> But a spiritual man deemeth (*or judgeth*) all things, and he is deemed of (*or by*) no man.

<sup>16</sup> As it is written, And who knew the wit of the Lord, or who taught him? And we have the wit of Christ. (As it is written, And who knew the mind, or the thoughts, of the Lord, or who taught him? And we have the mind of the Messiah.)

### **CHAPTER 3**

<sup>1</sup> And I, brethren, might not speak to you as to spiritual men, but as to fleshly *men*; as to little children in Christ,

<sup>2</sup> I gave to you milk to drink, not meat (*or solid food*); for ye might not yet *understand*, neither ye may now (*or nor can ye now*),

<sup>3</sup> for yet ye be fleshly. For while envy and strife is among you, whether ye be not fleshly, and ye go after man?

<sup>4</sup> For when some saith, I am of Paul, and another, But I am of Apollos, whether ye be not *[fleshly]* men?

<sup>5</sup> What therefore is Apollos, and what Paul? They be ministers *(or servants)* of him, to whom ye have believed; and to each man as God hath given.

<sup>6</sup> I planted, Apollos moisted *(or Apollos watered)*, but God gave increasing.

<sup>7</sup> Therefore neither he that planteth is anything, neither he that moisteth *(or nor he who watereth)*, but God that giveth increasing.

<sup>8</sup> And he that planteth, and he that moisteth, be one; and each shall take his own meed, after his travail. (And he who planteth, and he who watereth, be one; and each shall receive his own reward, according to his labour.)

<sup>9</sup> For we be the helpers of God; ye be the earth-tilling of God, ye be the building of God.

<sup>10</sup> After the grace of God that is given to me, as a wise master carpenter I setted the foundament, (or By the grace of God that is given to me, like a wise master carpenter I set the foundation); and another buildeth above. But each man see, how he buildeth above, [or Soothly each man see, how and what things he buildeth upon].

<sup>11</sup> For no man may set another foundament, except [or besides] that that is set, which is Christ Jesus. (And no other foundation can be laid by any man, besides that which was laid, which is the Messiah Jesus.)

<sup>12</sup> For if any man buildeth over *[or upon]* this foundament, *(with)* gold, silver, precious stones, sticks, hay, or stubble,

<sup>13</sup> every man's work shall be open; for the day of the Lord shall declare *(it)*, for it shall be showed in fire; the fire shall prove the work of each man, what manner work it is.

<sup>14</sup> If the work of any man dwell still, which he builded above [or upon], he shall receive meed (or he shall receive a reward).

<sup>15</sup> If any man's work burn, he shall suffer harm, *either impairing*; but he shall be safe, so nevertheless as by fire, (or but he shall be saved, as if from a fire).

<sup>16</sup> Know ye not, that ye be the temple of God, (or Do ye not know, that ye be God's temple), and the Spirit of God dwelleth in you?

<sup>17</sup> And if any *[man]* defouleth the temple of God, God shall lose him; for the temple of God is holy, which ye be. (And if any man defileth God's temple, God shall destroy him; for God's temple is holy, which ye be.) <sup>18</sup> No man deceive himself. If any man among you is seen to be wise in this world, be he made a fool, *(so)* that he *(can truly)* be wise.

<sup>19</sup> For the wisdom of this world is folly with God (or For this world's wisdom is foolishness to God); for it is written, I shall catch wise men in their fell wisdom, [or subtle guile];

<sup>20</sup> and again, The Lord knoweth the thoughts of wise men, for those be vain (*or for they be empty and useless*).

<sup>21</sup> Therefore no man have glory in men (or And so let no man boast about men). For all things be yours,

<sup>22</sup> either Paul, either Apollos, either Cephas (or Peter), either the world, either life, either death, either things present, either things to coming [or either things to come]; for all things be yours,

<sup>23</sup> and ye be of Christ, and Christ is of God. (and ye (be) of the Messiah, and the Messiah (is) of God.)

### **CHAPTER 4**

<sup>1</sup> So a man guess, [or deem], us as ministers of Christ, (or So think of us as servants of the Messiah), and (as) dispensers of the mysteries of God.

<sup>2</sup> Now it is sought here among the dispensers, that a man be found true.

<sup>3</sup> And to me it is for the least thing, that I be deemed of you (or if I be judged by you), or of man's day; but neither I deem (or I judge) myself.

<sup>4</sup> For I am nothing over-trusting, [or guilty], to myself, but not in this thing I am justified; for he that deemeth me, is the Lord.

<sup>5</sup> Therefore do not ye deem before the time, till that the Lord come, which shall lighten the hid things of (*the*) darknesses, and shall show the counsels of (*the*) hearts; and then praising shall be to each man of God. (*And so do not judge before the time, until that the Lord come, who shall lighten things hidden in the darkness, and shall reveal the plans in the hearts; and then praises shall be to each person in God.*)

<sup>6</sup> And, brethren, I have transfigured these things into me and into Apollos, for you; that in us ye learn (or so that ye can learn from us), lest over that it is written [or lest over that that is written], one against another be blown with pride for another [man].

<sup>7</sup> Who deemeth thee? (or Who judgeth thee?) And what hast thou, that thou hast not received? And if thou hast received (*it*), what gloriest thou (or why boastest thou), as (*if*) thou haddest not received (*it*)?

<sup>8</sup> Now ye be *[full-]*filled, now ye be made rich; ye reign without us; and I would that ye reign, *(so)* that also we *(could)* reign with you.

<sup>9</sup> And I guess, that God showed us the last apostles, (or For I think, that God hath made us apostles the last, or the lowest), (yea), as those that be sent to the death; for we be made a spectacle to the world, and to angels, and to men.

<sup>10</sup> We fools for Christ, but ye prudent in Christ; we sick, but ye strong; ye noble, but we unnoble. (We be fools for the Messiah, but ye be wise in the Messiah; we be frail or weak, but ye be strong; ye be noble, but we be ignoble.)

<sup>11</sup> Till into this hour we hunger, and thirst, and be naked, and be smitten with buffets, and we be unstable, [moving from place to place],

<sup>12</sup> and we travail working with our hands; we be cursed, and we bless; we suffer persecution, and we abide long;

<sup>13</sup> we be blasphemed, and we beseech; as cleansings of this world we be made the out-casting(*s*) of all things till yet.

<sup>14</sup> I write not these things, (so) that I confound you, but (*that*) I warn you as my most dearworthy sons.

<sup>15</sup> For why if ye have ten thousand of under-masters in Christ, but not many fathers; for in Christ Jesus I have (en)gendered you by the gospel. (For ye may have ten thousand tutors in the Messiah, but only one father; for in the Messiah Jesus I have begat you, by preaching the Gospel or the Good News.)

<sup>16</sup> Therefore, brethren, I pray you, be ye followers of me, as I of Christ. (*And so brothers, I beseech you, be followers of me, like I am of the Messiah.*)

<sup>17</sup> Therefore I sent to you Timothy, which is my most dearworthy son, and faithful in the Lord, which shall teach you [or shall admonish you (in)] my ways, that be in Christ Jesus, (or who shall teach you my way of life, that is in the Messiah Jesus); as I teach everywhere in each church.

<sup>18</sup> As though I should not come to you, so some be blown with pride;

<sup>19</sup> but I shall come to you soon, if God will (*or God willing*); and I shall know not the word(*s*) of them that be blown with pride, but the virtue (*or but the power*).

<sup>20</sup> For the realm of God is not in word(s), but in virtue. (For the Kingdom of God is not of words, but of power.)

<sup>21</sup> What will ye? Shall I come to you in a rod, or in charity, and in a spirit of mildness? (What desire ye? Shall I come to you with a rod, or with love, and in a spirit of meekness and humility?)

#### 8

**CHAPTER 5** 

<sup>1</sup> Yet all manner of fornication is heard among you, and such fornication, which is not among heathen men (or which is not even seen among the Gentiles), so that some man have the wife of his father.

<sup>2</sup> And ye be swollen *[or blown]* with pride, and not more had wailing, that he that did this work, be taken away from the middle of you.

<sup>3</sup> And I absent in body, but present in spirit, now have deemed (or now have judged), as (if I were) present, him that hath thus wrought,

<sup>4</sup> when ye be gathered together in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, and my spirit, with the virtue of the Lord Jesus (or with the power of the Lord Jesus),

<sup>5</sup> to betake such a man to Satan, into the perishing of flesh, that the spirit be safe in the day of our Lord Jesus Christ. (to deliver such a man unto Satan, into the perishing of the flesh, so that his spirit be saved on the Day of our Lord Jesus Christ.)

<sup>6</sup> Your glorying is not good. Know ye not, that a little sourdough impaireth [or corrupteth] all the gobbet? (Your boasting, or your pride, is not good. Know ye not, that a little yeast corrupteth all the piece?)

<sup>7</sup> Cleanse ye out the old sourdough, (*so*) that ye be (*a*) new sprinkling together, as ye be therf, [*or without souring*], (*or unleavened*). For Christ offered is our pask, [*or Forsooth Christ is offered our pask*], (*or For the sacrificed Messiah is our Passover*).

<sup>8</sup> Therefore eat we, not in old sourdough, neither in sourdough of malice and waywardness, but in therf things of clearness, and of truth. (And so, let us not eat the old yeast, yea, the yeast of malice and wickedness, but the unleavened things of sincerity, and of truth.)

<sup>9</sup> I wrote to you in an epistle, that ye be not meddled, [or mingled, or commune not], with lechers,

<sup>10</sup> not with (*the*) lechers of this world, nor *with* covetous men, nor raveners, nor with men serving to maumets [or to *idols*], else ye should have gone out of this world (*or else ye would have had to have gone out of this world*).

<sup>11</sup> But now I have written to you, that ye be not meddled, [or mingled, or commune not with such]. If he that is named a brother among you, and is a lecher, or covetous, or serving to idols, or a curser, or full of drunkenness, or a ravener, to take no meat with such, (or to have no meals, or to eat no food, with such people).

<sup>12</sup> For what *is* it to me to deem of them that be withoutforth? Whether ye deem not of things [or of them]

that be withinforth? (For why should I judge those who be outside of us? Ye should judge those who be inside with us.)

<sup>13</sup> For God shall deem them that be withoutforth (or And God shall judge those who be outside of us). Do ye away evil from yourselves.

## **CHAPTER 6**

<sup>1</sup> Dare any of you that hath a cause against another, be deemed at wicked men, and not at holy men [or saints]? (Dare any of you who hath a case against another, be judged by wicked men, and not by God's people?)

<sup>2</sup> Whether ye know not, that (*the*) saints shall deem this world? And if the world shall be deemed by you, be ye unworthy to deem the least things? (*Do ye not know, that God's people shall judge this world? And so if the world shall be judged by you, be ye unworthy to judge these least things?*)

<sup>3</sup> Know ye not, that we shall deem angels? (or Do ye not know, that we shall judge the angels?)(and so then) how much more (the) worldly things?

<sup>4</sup> Therefore if ye have worldly dooms (or And so if ye have worldly judgements to make), ordain ye those contemptible men, [or of little reputation], that be in the church, to deem (them).

<sup>5</sup> I say (*this*) to make you ashamed [or I say (*this*) to your shame]. So there is not any wise man, that may deem betwixt a brother and his brother, (or So is there not any wise man, who can judge between a brother and his brother);

<sup>6</sup> but brother with brother striveth in doom, and that among unfaithful men. (but a brother must fight, or argue, with another brother in court, and in front of men who be out of the faith?)

<sup>7</sup> And (so) now trespass is always among you, for ye have dooms among you (or because ye have legal wranglings among you). Why rather take ye not (the) wrong? why rather suffer ye not (the) deceit [or (the) fraud]?

<sup>8</sup> But also ye do wrong, and do fraud [*or and defraud*], and that to brethren.

<sup>9</sup> Whether ye know not, that wicked men shall not wield the kingdom of God? Do not ye err; neither lechers, neither men that serve maumets, neither adulterers, neither lechers against kind, neither they that do lechery with men, (Do ye not know, that the wicked shall not possess the Kingdom of God? Do not err; neither lechers, nor men who serve idols, nor adulterers, nor lechers against nature, nor those who do lechery with men,) <sup>10</sup> neither thieves, neither avaricious [or covetous] men, neither men full of drunkenness, neither cursers, neither raveners, shall wield the kingdom of God (or shall possess the Kingdom of God).

<sup>11</sup> And ye were sometime these things; but ye be washed, but ye be hallowed *(or but ye be consecrated)*, but ye be justified in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, and in the Spirit of our God.

<sup>12</sup> All things be leaveful to me, but not all things be speedful. All things be leaveful to me, but I shall not be brought down under any man's power. (All things be lawful for me, but not all things be expedient. All things be lawful for me, but I shall not be brought down under the power of any man.)

<sup>13</sup> Meat to the womb, and the womb to meats; and God shall destroy both this and that. And the body not to fornication, but to the Lord, and the Lord to the body. (Food for the belly, and the belly for food; and God shall destroy both this and that. And the body is not for fornication, but for the Lord, and the Lord is for the body.)

<sup>14</sup> For God raised the Lord, and shall raise us by his virtue. (For God raised the Lord, and he shall also raise us by his power.)

<sup>15</sup> Know ye not, that your bodies be members of Christ? Shall I then take the members of Christ, and shall I make them the members of a whore? God forbid. (Do ye not know, that your bodies be parts of the Messiah? Shall I then take the parts of the Messiah, and make (them), or join (them), to the parts of a whore? God forbid.)

<sup>16</sup> Whether ye know not, that he that cleaveth to a whore, is made one body? For he saith, There shall be twain in one flesh.

<sup>17</sup> And he that cleaveth to the Lord, is one Spirit.

<sup>18</sup> Flee ye fornication; all sin whatever sin a man doeth, is without the body (*or is outside the body*); but he that doeth fornication, sinneth against his body.

<sup>19</sup> Whether ye know not, that your members be the temple of the Holy Ghost, that is in you, whom ye have of God, and ye be not your own? (*Do ye not know, that your bodies be the temple of the Holy Spirit, who is in you, whom ye have received from God, and ye be not your own?*)

<sup>20</sup> For ye be bought with (*a*) great price. Glorify ye, and bear ye God in your body, (*or Glorify, and carry or bear about God in your body*).

### 7:1 11 1ST CHAPTER 7

<sup>1</sup> But of those things that ye have written to me, it is good to a man to touch not a woman (or it is good for a man not to touch a woman).

<sup>2</sup> But for fornication each man have his own wife, and each woman have her own husband.

<sup>3</sup> The husband yield debt to the wife, and also the wife to the husband.

<sup>4</sup> The woman hath not power of her body, but the husband; and the husband hath not power of his body, but the woman [or but the wife]. (The woman hath not power over her body, but the husband; and the husband hath not power over his body, but the wife.)

<sup>5</sup> Do not ye defraud each to *(the)* other *(or Do not deny yourselves to one another)*, *[no]* but peradventure of consent for a time, *(so)* that ye give attention to prayer; and again turn again to the same thing *(or and then return to being together)*, lest Satan tempt you for your uncontinence.

<sup>6</sup> But I say this thing as giving leave *[or by indulgence]*, not by commandment.

<sup>7</sup> For I will (*or I desire*), that all men be as myself. But each man hath his proper gift of God (*or But each man hath his own gift from God*); one thus, and another thus.

<sup>8</sup> But I say to them, that be not wedded, and to widows, it is good to them, if they dwell so as I. (*But I say to them, who be not wedded, and to widows, it is good for them, if they remain like I am.*)

<sup>9</sup> And if they contain not themselves, [or be not chaste], be they wedded; for it is better to be wedded, than to be burnt. (And if they cannot contain themselves, or remain chaste, then let them be married; for it is better to be married, than to burn alone.)

<sup>10</sup> But to them that be joined in matrimony, I command, not I, but the Lord, that the wife depart not from the husband;

<sup>11</sup> and that if she departeth, that she dwell unwedded, or be reconciled to her husband; and the husband forsake not the wife (or and the husband must not desert the wife).

<sup>12</sup> But to others I say, not the Lord. If any brother hath an unfaithful, *[or heathen]*, wife, *(or If any brother hath a Gentile wife)*, and she consenteth to dwell with him, leave he her not.

<sup>13</sup> And if any woman hath an unfaithful (*or heathen*) husband (*or And if any woman hath a Gentile husband*), and this consenteth to dwell with her, leave she not the husband.

<sup>14</sup> For the unfaithful husband is hallowed by the faithful woman, and the unfaithful woman is hallowed by the faithful husband. Else your children were unclean, but now they be holy.

<sup>15</sup> That if the unfaithful departeth, depart he. For why the brother or sister is not subject to servage in such; for God hath called us in peace. (But if the unfaithful departeth, then let him depart. Because the brother or the sister is not subject to servitude or to slavery in such; for God hath called us to live in peace.)

<sup>16</sup> And whereof knowest thou, woman, if thou shalt make the man safe; or whereof knowest thou, man, if thou shalt make the woman safe? (*And whereof knowest thou, woman, if thou shalt save the man; or whereof knowest thou, man, if thou shalt save the woman?*)

<sup>17</sup> [No] But as the Lord hath parted to each, and as God hath called each man, so go he, as I teach in all (*the*) churches.

<sup>18</sup> A man circumcised is called, bring he (himself) not (back) to (being) prepuce (or bring he himself not back to being uncircumcised). A man is called in prepuce, be he not circumcised.

<sup>19</sup> Circumcision is nought, and prepuce is nought, but the keeping of the commandments of God (is everything). (Being circumcised is nothing, and being uncircumcised is nothing, but keeping, or obeying, the commandments of God is everything.)

<sup>20</sup> Each man in what calling he is called, in that dwell he.

<sup>21</sup> Thou [a] servant art called, be it no charge to thee (or do not let that be a burden to you); but if thou mayest be made free, use it rather.

<sup>22</sup> He that is a servant, and is called in the Lord, is a free man of the Lord. Also he that is a free man, and is called, is the servant of Christ (*or is a servant of the Messiah*).

<sup>23</sup> With (*a*) price ye be bought; do not ye be made (*the*) servants of men.

<sup>24</sup> Therefore each man in what thing *(that)* he is called a brother, dwell he in this with God *(or remain he in this with God)*.

<sup>25</sup> But of virgins I have no commandment of (*or from*) God; but I give counsel, as he that hath gotten mercy of the Lord (*or as he who hath received mercy from the Lord*), (*so*) that I be true.

<sup>26</sup> Therefore I guess, that this thing is good for the present need; for it is good to a man to be so [or for it is good for a man to be so].

<sup>27</sup> Thou art bound to a wife, do not thou seek unbinding; thou art unbound from a wife, do not thou seek a wife.

<sup>28</sup> But if thou hast taken a wife, thou hast not sinned; and if a maiden is wedded, she sinned not; nevertheless such shall have tribulation of flesh. But I spare you.

<sup>29</sup> Therefore, brethren, I say this thing, The time is short. Another is this, that they that have wives, be as though they had none;

<sup>30</sup> and they that weep, as they wept not; and they that joy, as they joyed not; and they that buy, as they had not;

<sup>31</sup> and they that use this world, as they that use *[it]* not. For why the figure, *[or (the) fairness]*, of this world passeth *(or Because the beauty of this world passeth away).* 

<sup>32</sup> But I will, that ye be without busyness (or But I desire, that ye be without cares or concerns), for he that is without (a) wife, is busy (with) what things (that) be of the Lord, how he shall please God.

<sup>33</sup> But he that is with a wife, is busy (*with*) what things (*that*) be of the world, how he shall please the wife [or how he shall please his wife], and he is parted (or and he is divided).

<sup>34</sup> And a woman unwedded and *[a]* maiden thinketh what things be of the Lord, *(so)* that she be holy in body and spirit. But she that is wedded, thinketh what things be of the world, how she shall please the husband *[or how she shall please her husband]*.

<sup>35</sup> And I say these things to your profit, not that I cast to you a snare, but to that that is seemly, and that giveth easiness [or facility], without hindering to make prayers [or to beseech] to the Lord.

<sup>36</sup> And if any man guesseth himself to be seen foul on his virgin, that she is full waxen [or that she is well old], and so it behooveth to be done, do she that that she will [+or do she what he will]; she sinneth not, if she be wedded, [+or s/ he sinneth not, if s/he be wedded].

<sup>37</sup> For he that ordained stably, [or steadfast(ly)], in his heart, not having need, but having power of his will, and hath deemed in his heart this thing, to keep his virgin(*ity*), doeth well. (For he who resolutely ordained in his heart, not having need, but having power over his will, and hath determined in his heart, to keep his virginity, doeth well.)

<sup>38</sup> Therefore he that joineth his virgin (*or his betrothed*) in matrimony, doeth well, (*or And so he who alloweth his daughter to be joined in matrimony, doeth well*); and he that joineth not, doeth better.

<sup>39</sup> The woman is bound to the law, as long (*a*) time as her husband liveth; and if her husband is dead, she is delivered from the law of the husband, be she wedded to whom she will, only in the Lord.

<sup>40</sup> But she shall be more blessed, if she dwelleth thus, after my counsel; and I ween *(or I guess)*, that I have the Spirit of God.

### **CHAPTER 8**

<sup>1</sup> But of these things that be sacrificed to idols, we know, for all we have cunning, (or knowing, or knowledge). But cunning, (or knowing), [or science], bloweth [with pride], charity edifieth, (or But such knowledge swelleth a man with pride, while love edifieth).

<sup>2</sup> But if any man guesseth, *[or deem(eth)]*, that he knoweth anything, he hath not yet known how it behooveth him to know.

<sup>3</sup> And if any man loveth God, this is known of him (*or this is known by him*).

<sup>4</sup> But of meats (*or of foods*) that be offered to idols, we know, that an idol is nothing in the world, and that there is no God but one.

<sup>5</sup> For though there be some that be said gods, either in heaven, either in earth, as there be many gods, and many lords;

<sup>6</sup> nevertheless to us *(there)* is one God, the Father, of whom *be* all things, and we in him; and one Lord Jesus Christ, by whom *be* all things, and we by him.

<sup>7</sup> But not in all men is cunning (or knowing). For some men with (the) conscience of idol(s), that is, they guess that the idol is some divine thing, till now eat (such food) as (a) thing offered to idols; and (so) their conscience is defouled, for it is sick. (But not all men have this knowledge. For some men with the consciousness, or the experience, of idols, that is, they think that the idol is some divine thing, till now eat such food that was offered to idols; and so their conscience is defiled, for it is frail or weak.)

<sup>8</sup> Meat commendeth us not to God (or Food commendeth us not to God); for neither we shall fail, if we eat not, neither if we eat, we shall have plenty [or we shall abound].

<sup>9</sup> But see ye, lest peradventure this your leave be made (a) hurting to sick men (or to frail and weak men). [+See ye forsooth, lest peradventure this your license, or leave, be made (a) hurting to sick men, or (to the) frail.]

<sup>10</sup> For if any man shall see him, that hath cunning, (*or knowing*), (*or who hath knowledge of God*), eating in a place where idols be worshipped, whether his conscience, since

it is sick, (or it is frail or weak), shall not be edified to eat things offered to idols?

<sup>11</sup> And the sick, [or unsteadfast], brother, for whom Christ died, shall perish in thy cunning (or in thy knowing). (And the frail or weak brother, for whom the Messiah died, shall now perish because of thy so-called knowledge.)

<sup>12</sup> For thus ye sinning against (*the*) brethren, and smiting their sick conscience, sin against Christ. (For thus ye sinning against the brothers, and striking or wounding their frail or weak conscience, sin against the Messiah.)

<sup>13</sup> Wherefore if meat causeth my brother to stumble (or And so if any food causeth my brother to stumble), I shall never eat flesh, lest I cause my brother to stumble.

### **CHAPTER 9**

<sup>1</sup> Whether I am not free? Am I not *(an)* apostle? Whether I saw not Jesus Christ, our Lord? Whether ye be not my work in the Lord?

 $^{2}$  And though to others I am not (*an*) apostle, but nevertheless to you I am; for ye be the little sign of mine apostlehood in the Lord.

<sup>3</sup> My defence to them that ask me, that is. [My defence to them that ask me, is this.]

<sup>4</sup> Whether we have not *(the)* power to eat and drink?

<sup>5</sup> Whether we have not *(the)* power to lead about a woman, a sister, as also other apostles, and *(the)* brethren of the Lord, and Cephas? *(or and Peter?)* 

<sup>6</sup> Or I alone and Barnabas have not *(the)* power to work these things?

<sup>7</sup> Who travaileth any time with his own wages? (or Who laboureth any time at his own expense?) Who planteth a vineyard, and eateth not of his fruit? Who keepeth a flock, and eateth not of the milk of the flock? [+Who fighteth, or holdeth knighthood, any time with his own soldiers' pay? Who planteth a vineyard, and eateth not of the fruits? Who feedeth a flock, and eateth not of the milk of the flock?]

<sup>8</sup> Whether after man I say these things? whether also the law saith not these things?

<sup>9</sup> For it is written in the law of Moses, Thou shalt not bind *[up]* the mouth of the ox that thresheth. Whether of oxen is (a) charge to God? (or Whether oxen be of any concern to God?)

<sup>10</sup> Whether for us he saith these things? For why those be written for us; for he that eareth, oweth to ear in hope, and he that thresheth, in hope to take (*some*) fruits. (*Whether he saith these things for us? Yea, they be written for us; for he* 

that ploweth, ought to plow in hope, and he that reapeth, in hope to take some fruits.)

<sup>11</sup> If we sow spiritual things to you, is it great, if we reap your fleshly things? (*If we sow spiritual things for you, is it too much to ask, that we be able to harvest your fleshly things?*)

<sup>12</sup> If others be partners of your power, why not rather we? But we use not this power, but we suffer all things, that we give no hindering to the evangel of Christ. (*If ye give others this right, why not also us? But we do not need this right, rather we endure everything, so that we do not hinder the Gospel, or the Good News, of the Messiah.*)

<sup>13</sup> Know ye not, that they that work in the temple, eat those things that be of the temple, and they that serve to the altar, be partners of the altar?

<sup>14</sup> So the Lord ordained to them that tell the gospel, to live of the gospel. (So the Lord hath ordained for those who tell the Gospel or the Good News, to live from the Gospel or the Good News.)

<sup>15</sup> But I used none of these things; and I wrote not these things, that they be done so in me (or so that they be done for me); for it is good rather for me to die, than that any man avoid my glory (or make my boasting void).

<sup>16</sup> For if I preach the gospel, glory is not to me, (or there is no boasting, or any glory, for me), for need-like I must do it; for woe to me, if I preach not the gospel.

<sup>17</sup> But if I do this thing willfully [or willing(ly)], I have meed, (or But if I do this of my own free will, I have a reward); but if against my will, dispensing [or (a) dispensation] is betaken to me.

<sup>18</sup> What then is my meed? (or Then what is my reward?) That I preaching the gospel, put the gospel without others' cost, [or expense, either taking of sustenance therefore], that I use not my power in the gospel, [or that I mis-use not my power in the gospel], (or so that I do not mis-use my power in the Gospel or the Good News).

<sup>19</sup> For why when I was free of all men, I made me (*a*) servant of all men (*or I made myself a servant to all men*), to win the more men [*or* (*so*) that I should win more men].

<sup>20</sup> And (*so*) to (*the*) Jews I am made as a Jew, to win the Jews; to them that be under the law, as (*if*) I were under the law, when I was not under the law, to win them that were under the law;

<sup>21</sup> to them that were without *(the)* law, as *(if)* I were without *(the)* law, when I was not without *[the]* law of God, but I was in the law of Christ, to win them that were without

[the] law, (or but I was in the law of the Messiah, to win those who were without the Law, or outside the Law).

<sup>22</sup> I am made sick to sick men, to win sick men; to all men I am made all things, to make all men safe. (*I am made frail* or weak to frail or weak men, to win frail or weak men; to all men I am made all things, to save all men.)

<sup>23</sup> But I do all things for the gospel, (*so*) that I be made (*a*) partner of it.

<sup>24</sup> Know ye not, that they that run in a furlong, all run, but one taketh the prize? So run ye, that ye catch *(it)*, *(or So run, so that ye win it)*.

<sup>25</sup> Each man that striveth in (*a*) fight, abstaineth him(*self*) from all things; and they, that they take a corruptible crown, (*or and they, so that they receive or they win a corruptible crown*), but we an uncorrupt(*ed*)(*one*).

<sup>26</sup> Therefore I run so, not as to an uncertain thing; thus I fight, not as beating the air;

<sup>27</sup> but I chastise my body, and bring *it* into servage, [or *into servitude*], (or *into slavery*); lest peradventure when I preach to others, I myself be made reprovable.

## **CHAPTER 10**

<sup>1</sup> Brethren, I will not, that ye unknow (or that ye not know), that all our fathers were under [a] cloud, and all passed (through) the (Red) sea; (Brothers, I do not desire, that ye do not know, that all our fathers were under the protection of a cloud, and all passed through the Sea of Reeds;)

 $^{\rm 2}$  and all were baptized in Moses, in the cloud and in the sea;

<sup>3</sup> and all ate the same spiritual meat, (and everyone ate the same spiritual food,)

<sup>4</sup> and all drank the same spiritual drink; and they drank of the spiritual stone following them; and the stone was Christ (or and that stone was the Messiah).

<sup>5</sup> But not in full many of them it was well pleasant to God; for why they were cast down in *[the]* desert. *(But not very many of them pleased God; and because of that they were thrown down in the desert.)* 

<sup>6</sup> But these things were done in figure of us (or But these things were done as an example for us), (so) that we be not coveters of evil things, as they coveted.

<sup>7</sup> Neither be ye made idolaters, as some of them; as it is written, The people sat to eat and drink, and they rose up to play.

<sup>8</sup> Neither do we fornication, as some of them did fornication, and three and twenty thousand were dead in one day.

<sup>9</sup> Neither tempt we Christ, as some of them tempted, and perished of serpents. (Nor let us test the Lord, as some of them tested him, and perished from the bites of snakes.)

<sup>10</sup> Neither grudge ye, as some of them grudged, and they perished of a destroyer [or of the waster]. (And do not grumble, like some of them grumbled, and they perished by the Destroyer.)

<sup>11</sup> And all these things fell to them in figure; but they be written to our amending, into whom the ends of the worlds be come, [or soothly they be written to our correction, into whom the ends of the world have come]. (And all these things were examples for them; but they were written for our correction, unto whom the ends of the world have come.)

<sup>12</sup> Therefore he that guesseth him(*self*), that he standeth, see he, that he fall not.

<sup>13</sup> Temptation take not you, but man's *temptation*; for God is true, which shall not suffer you to be tempted above that that ye may; but he shall make with temptation also purveyance, that ye may suffer [or sustain](it). (Do not let yourselves be overtaken or defeated by any test, for it is but each man'stesting; and God is true, and he shall not allow you to be tested beyond what ye can endure; and he shall also make provision with any test, so that ye can endure it, or so that ye can sustain it.)

<sup>14</sup> Wherefore, ye most dearworthy to me, flee ye from the worshipping of maumets [or flee from worshipping of idols].

<sup>15</sup> As to prudent men I speak, deem ye (or judge) yourselves that thing that I say [or ye yourselves deem that thing that I say].

<sup>16</sup> Whether the cup of blessing which we bless, is not the communing of Christ's blood? and whether the bread which we break, is not the *part*-taking of the body of the Lord? (*The cup of blessing which we bless, is it not the sharing of the Messiah's blood? and the bread which we break, is it not the partaking of the Lord's body?*)

<sup>17</sup> For we many be one bread and one body, all we that take part of one bread and of one cup.

<sup>18</sup> See ye Israel after the flesh, whether they that eat sacrifices, be not partners of the altar?

<sup>19</sup> What therefore say I, that a thing that is offered to idols is anything, or that the idol is anything?

<sup>20</sup> But those things that heathen men offer, they offer to devils, and not to God. But I will not, that ye be made fellows of fiends; (*But those things which the Gentiles offer, they offer to demons, and not to God. But I do not desire, that ye be made the partners of devils and demons;)* 

<sup>21</sup> for ye may not drink the cup of the Lord, and the cup of fiends; ye may not be partners of the board of the Lord, and of the board of fiends. (for ye cannot drink the cup of the Lord, and the cup of devils and demons; ye cannot be partners of the table of the Lord, and partners of the table of devils and demons.)

<sup>22</sup> Whether we have envy to the Lord? whether we be stronger than he? (*Could the Lord ever envy us? be we stronger than him?*)

<sup>23</sup> All things be leaveful to me, but not all things be speedful. All things be leaveful to me, but not all things edify. (All things be lawful for me, but not all things be expedient. All things be lawful for me, but not all things edify.)

<sup>24</sup> No man seek (*to protect or to esteem*) that thing that is his own, but that thing that is of another (*man*).

<sup>25</sup> All thing that is sold in the butchery, eat ye, asking nothing for conscience.

<sup>26</sup> The earth and the plenty of it, is the Lord's.

<sup>27</sup> If any of heathen [or of unfaithful] men call you to supper (or If any of the Gentiles invite you to dinner), and ye will go, all thing that is set to you, eat ye, asking nothing for conscience.

<sup>28</sup> But if any man saith, This thing is offered to idols, do not ye eat *(it)*, for him that showed *[this thing]*, and for conscience;

<sup>29</sup> and I say not, thy conscience, but of another *[man's]* (conscience). But whereto is my freedom *[or my liberty]* deemed of (or judged by) another man's conscience?

<sup>30</sup> Therefore if I take part with grace, what am I blasphemed, for that that I do thankings [or I do graces]? (And so if I take part after saying grace, why am I blasphemed or criticized for that over which I have said grace, or for which I have given thanks?)

<sup>31</sup> Therefore whether ye eat, or drink, or do any other thing, do ye all things to the glory of God.

<sup>32</sup> Be ye without offence to Jews, and to heathen men, and to the church of God; (*Give no offence to Jews, or to Gentiles, or to the church of God*;)

<sup>33</sup> as I by all things please to all men, not seeking that that is profitable to me [or not seeking what is profitable to me], 20

but that *is profitable* to many men, that they be made safe (*or so that they can be saved*).

## **CHAPTER 11**

 $^{1}$  Be ye my followers, as I *am* of Christ. (*Be followers of me, like I am of the Messiah.*)

<sup>2</sup> And, brethren, I praise you, that by all things ye be mindful of me; and as I betook to you my commandments, ye hold (onto them), [or ye keep (them)]. (And, brothers, I praise you, because ye always remember me; and as I delivered to you my teachings, ye follow and obey them.)

<sup>3</sup> But I will that ye know, that Christ is *[the]* head of each man; but the head of the woman is the man; and the head of Christ is God. (But I desire that ye know, that the Messiah is the head of every man; and the head of the woman is the man; and the head of the Messiah is God.)

<sup>4</sup> Each man praying, or prophesying, when his head is covered, defouleth his head (*or defileth his head*).

<sup>5</sup> But each woman praying, or prophesying, when her head is not covered, defouleth her head (*or defileth her head*); for it is one (*or for it is such*), as if she were polled, [*or if she were made bald, or clipped*].

<sup>6</sup> And if a woman be not covered [or veiled], be she polled; and if it is (a) foul thing to a woman to be polled, or to be made bald, (or and if it is a foul thing for a woman to be clipped, or to be cropped, or to be made bald), cover she her head.

<sup>7</sup> But a man shall not cover his head, for he is the image and *(the)* glory of God; but a woman is the glory of man.

<sup>8</sup> For a man is not of the woman, but the woman of the man.

<sup>9</sup> And the man is not made for the woman, but the woman for the man.

<sup>10</sup> Therefore the woman shall have a covering on her head, (*and*) also (*out of regard*) for (*the*) angels. (*And so the woman shall have a covering upon her head, out of respect for the angels.*)

<sup>11</sup> Nevertheless neither the man *is* without the woman, neither the woman *is* without *[the]* man, in the Lord.

<sup>12</sup> For why as the woman *is* of the man, so the man *is* by the woman; but all things *be* of God.

<sup>13</sup> Deem ye yourselves (or You yourselves judge); beseemeth it [or becometh it](for) a woman not covered on the head to pray to God?

<sup>14</sup> Neither the kind itself teacheth us [that] (or Neither nature itself teacheth us that), for if a man nourish long hair, it is (a) shame to him:

<sup>15</sup> but if a woman nourish long hair, it is (a) glory to her, for hairs be given to her for covering.

<sup>16</sup> But if any man is seen to be full of strife (or And if anyone is seen to be always arguing), we have none such custom, neither (hath) the church of God.

<sup>17</sup> But this thing I command, not praising, that ye come together not into the better, but into the worse.

<sup>18</sup> First for when ye come together into the church, I hear that dissensions, either partings, be, and in part I believe (it).

<sup>19</sup> For it behooveth heresies to be, (so) that they that be (ap)proved, be openly known in you.

<sup>20</sup> Therefore when ye come together into one, now it is not to eat the Lord's supper;

<sup>21</sup> for why each man before taketh his supper to eat, and one is (still) hungry, and another is (now) drunken.

<sup>22</sup> Whether ye have not houses to eat and (to) drink (in), or ye (so) despise the church of God, and confound, [or shame], them that have none [or them that have not]? What shall I say to you? I praise you, but herein I praise you not, [or in this thing I praise you not].

<sup>23</sup> For I have taken of the Lord that thing, which I have betaken to you, (or For I have received from the Lord, that which I have delivered to you). For the Lord Jesus, in what night he was betrayed, took bread,

<sup>24</sup> and did thankings [or graces], and brake (it), and said, Take ye, and eat ye; this is my body, which shall be betrayed for you; do ye this thing into my mind (or do this in remembrance of me).

<sup>25</sup> Also *[he took]* the cup, after that he had supped, and said, This cup is the new testament in my blood; do ye this thing, as oft as ye shall drink [it], into my mind. (And (he took) the cup, after that he had supped, and said, This cup is the New Covenant sealed by my blood; do this, as often as ye shall drink (it), in remembrance of me.)

<sup>26</sup> For as oft as ye shall eat this bread, and drink this cup, ye shall tell the death of the Lord, till that he come, [or ye shall show the death of the Lord, till he come].

<sup>27</sup> Therefore whoever eateth the bread, or drinketh the cup of the Lord unworthily, he shall be guilty of the body and of the blood of the Lord. <sup>28</sup> But prove a man himself, and so eat he of that bread,

and drink he of the cup.

<sup>29</sup> For he that eateth and drinketh unworthily, eateth and drinketh doom, *[or damnation], (or judgement), (un)*to him*[self]*, not wisely deeming the body of the Lord.

<sup>30</sup> Therefore among you many be sick and feeble [or unstrong], and many sleep, [or die]. (And so among you there be many who be frail and weak, and many who have died.)

<sup>31</sup> And if we deemed wisely us-selves, we should not be deemed; (*And if we wisely judged ourselves, then we would not be judged or come under God's judgement;*)

<sup>32</sup> but while we be deemed of the Lord (*or but when we be judged by the Lord*), we be chastised, (*so*) that we be not condemned with this world.

<sup>33</sup> Therefore, my brethren, when ye come together to eat, abide ye together. (And so, my brothers, when ye come together to eat, wait for one another.)

<sup>34</sup> If any man hungereth, eat he at home, that ye come not together into doom (or so that ye do not come together under judgement). And I shall dispose other things, when I come.

### **CHAPTER 12**

<sup>1</sup> But of spiritual things, brethren, I will not that ye unknow. (But regarding spiritual matters, brothers, I do not desire that ye do not know or be ignorant about such things.)

<sup>2</sup> For ye know, that when ye were heathen men, how ye were led going to dumb maumets [or to dumb simulacra]. (For ye know, how that when ye were Gentiles, ye were led like sheep unto mute and lifeless idols.)

<sup>3</sup> Therefore I make known to you, that no man speaking in the Spirit of God, saith departing from Jesus; and no man may say the Lord Jesus *[is]*, *[no]* but in the Holy Ghost, *(or and no one can say that Jesus is the Lord, unless he is guided by the Holy Spirit).* 

<sup>4</sup> And diverse graces there be, (or And there be many different gifts or blessings), but it is all one Spirit;

<sup>5</sup> and diverse services *there be*, but *it is* all one Lord;

<sup>6</sup> and diverse workings there be, but *it is* all one God, that worketh all things in all things. (*and there be many different kinds of works, but it is all one God, who worketh everything in everything.*)

<sup>7</sup> And to each man the showing of *(the)* Spirit is given to *(his)* profit *(or for his benefit)*.

<sup>8</sup> And the word of wisdom is given to one by (*the*) Spirit; to another the word of cunning, (*or of knowing*), (*or to another the word of knowledge*), by the same Spirit;

**1ST CORINTHIANS CHAPTER 12:23** 

<sup>9</sup> faith to another, in the same Spirit; to another, grace(s) of healings [or of healths], in one Spirit; (faith to another, by the same Spirit; to another, gifts of healing, by the one Spirit;)

<sup>10</sup> to another, the working of virtues, (or works of power, or miracles); to another, prophecy; to another, very knowing, [or discretion], (or true discerning), of spirits; to another, kinds of (strange and ecstatic) languages [or tongues]; to another, (the) expounding [or (the) interpreting] of words.

<sup>11</sup> And one and the same Spirit worketh all these things, parting to each by themselves as he will, (or dividing, or imparting, to each as he so desireth).

<sup>12</sup> For as there is one body, and *(it)* hath many members, and all the members of the body when those be many *[or when they be many]*, be one body, so also Christ *(or so also the Messiah)*.

<sup>13</sup> For in one Spirit all we be baptized into one body, either Jews, either heathen, either servants, either free; and all we be filled with drink in one Spirit [or and all we have drunk in one Spirit]. (For by one Spirit or in one Spirit, we all were baptized into one body, whether Jews, or Gentiles, servants, or free men; and we all have drunk from the one Spirit, or of one Spirit.)

<sup>14</sup> For the body is not one member, but many.

<sup>15</sup> If the foot shall say, For I am not the hand, I am not of the body; not therefore it is not of the body.

<sup>16</sup> And if the ear saith, For I am not the eye, I am not of the body; not therefore it is not of the body.

<sup>17</sup> If all the body is the eye, where is *[the]* hearing? and if all the body is hearing, where is *[the]* smelling?

<sup>18</sup> But now God hath set members [or Now forsooth God hath put members], and each of them in the body, as he would (or as he wanted them to be).

<sup>19</sup> And if all were one member, where *were* the body? (or where would the body be?)

<sup>20</sup> But now there be many members, but one body.

<sup>21</sup> And (*so*) the eye may not say to the hand, I have no need to thy works (*or I have no need of thy works*); or again the head to the feet, Ye be not necessary to me.

<sup>22</sup> But much more those that be seen to be the lower members of the body, [or the more sick], (or the more frail, or weaker, members of the body), be more needful;

<sup>23</sup> and those that we guess to be the unworthier [or the unnobler] members of the body, to them we give more honour; and those members that be unhonest, have more

honesty, (or and those members that be unseemly, have more seemliness).

<sup>24</sup> For our honest members have need of none; but God tempered the body, giving more worship to it, to whom it failed, (For our seemly members have need of no one else; but God tempered the body, giving more honour to those parts, that seemed lacking,)

<sup>25</sup> (so) that debate be not in the body, but that the members be busy into the same thing each for (*the*) other (*or for one another*).

<sup>26</sup> And if one member suffereth anything, all members suffer therewith; either if one member joyeth *[or glorieth]*, all members joy together.

<sup>27</sup> And ye be the body of Christ (*or And ye be the body of the Messiah*), and members of member.

<sup>28</sup> But God set some men in the church, first apostles, the second time prophets [or the second prophets], the third teachers, afterward virtues, (or works of power, or miracles), afterward graces of healings (or gifts of healing), helpings, governings, kinds of (strange and ecstatic) languages (or tongues), interpretations of words.

<sup>29</sup> Whether all *[be]* apostles? whether all *[be]* prophets? whether all *(be)* teachers? whether all *(be)* virtues? *(or whether all be works of power or miracles?)* 

<sup>30</sup> whether all have (*the*) grace of healings? whether all speak with (*strange and ecstatic*) languages? whether all expound [or interpret]? (whether all have the gift of healing? whether all speak with tongues? whether all interpret?)

<sup>31</sup> But (*pur*)sue ye the better ghostly gifts (*or But follow, or go after, the better spiritual gifts*). And yet I (*shall*) show to you a more excellent, [*or worthy*], way.

### CHAPTER 13

<sup>1</sup> If I speak with tongues of men and of angels, and I have not charity, I am made as brass sounding, or a cymbal tinkling. (If I speak with the tongues of men and of angels, but I have no love, I am made like a sounding brass, or like a tinkling cymbal.)

<sup>2</sup> And if I have prophecy, and know all mysteries, and all cunning, (*or all knowing*), [*or science*], and if I have all faith, so that I (*can*) move hills from their place(*s*), [*or from one place to another*], and I have not charity, I am nought. (*And if I have prophecy, and know all mysteries, and all knowledge, and if I have all faith, so that I can move mountains from one place to another; but I have no love, I am nothing.)* 

<sup>3</sup> And if I part all my goods into the meats of poor men, and if I betake my body, so that I burn, and if I have not charity, it profiteth to me nothing. (And if I part with, or divide up, all my goods, to provide food for the poor, and if I deliver, or give up, my body, to be burned, but I have no love, it profiteth nothing to me.)

<sup>4</sup> Charity is patient, it is benign; charity envieth not, it doeth not wickedly, it is not blown [with pride], (Love is patient, it is kind; love envieth not, it doeth not wickedly, it is not swollen with pride,)

<sup>5</sup> it is not covetous, [or it is not ambitious, or covetous of worships, (or honours)], it seeketh not those things that be his own [or her own], it is not stirred to wrath, it thinketh not evil,

<sup>6</sup> it joyeth not on wickedness, but it joyeth together to (*the*) truth; [*it joyeth not in wickedness, forsooth it joyeth together with (the) truth*;]

<sup>7</sup> it suffereth all things, it believeth all things, it hopeth all things, it sustaineth all things.

<sup>8</sup> Charity falleth never down, whether prophecies shall be voided, either languages shall cease, either science shall be destroyed. (Love never falleth down, whether prophecies shall be made null and void, or strange and ecstatic languages shall cease, or knowledge shall be destroyed.)

<sup>9</sup> For a part we know, and a part we prophesy;

<sup>10</sup> but when that shall come that is perfect, that thing that is of part shall be voided. (but when that shall come which is complete, or which is finished, that which is but partial, or is unfinished, shall be done away.)

<sup>11</sup> When I was a little child, I spake as a little child, I understood as a little child, I thought as a little child; but when I was made a man, I avoided those things/I voided those things that were of a little child. (When I was a little child, I spoke like a little child, I understood like a little child, I thought like a little child; but when I became a man, I put away those things that were a little child's.)

<sup>12</sup> And we see now by a mirror in darkness, but then face to face; now I know of part, but then I shall know, as I am known. (And we see now by a mirror in the dark, but then face to face; now I know a part, but then I shall know, like I am known by God.)

<sup>13</sup> And now dwell faith, hope, charity, these three; but the most of these is charity. (And now remain faith, hope, love, these three; but the greatest of these is love.)

### 26 **CHAPTER 14**

<sup>1</sup> (Pur)Sue ye charity, (or Follow or Go after love), (and) love ye spiritual things, but more that ye prophesy.

<sup>2</sup> And he that speaketh in tongue(s), speaketh not to men, but to God; for no man heareth (it), (or And he who speaketh in a strange and ecstatic language, speaketh not to men, but to God; for no one can understand it). But the Spirit speaketh mysteries.

<sup>3</sup> For he that prophesieth, speaketh to men to edification (or speaketh to men for edification), and admonishing, and comforting.

<sup>4</sup> He that speaketh in tongue(s), that is, in(a)strange language, edifieth himself, (or He who speaketh in a strange and ecstatic language, edifieth himself); but he that prophesieth. edifieth the church of God.

<sup>5</sup> And I will, that all ye speak in tongues, but more that ye prophesy. For he that prophesieth, is more than he that speaketh in (strange and ecstatic) languages, [or in tongues]; but peradventure he expound, [or interpret, or declare], that the church take edification. (And I do desire, that ye all speak in strange and ecstatic languages, or in tongues, but more importantly, that ye all prophesy. For he who prophesieth, is more helpful to others than he who speaketh in a strange and ecstatic language; unless of course, the speaker in tongues can also expound or interpret, so that the entire church can receive edification.)

<sup>6</sup> But now, brethren, if I come to you, and speak in tongues, what shall I profit to you [or what shall it profit to you], [no] but if I speak to you either in revelation, either in science, either in prophecy, either in teaching? (But now, brothers, if I come to you, and speak in a strange and ecstatic language, what shall it profit you, unless I also speak to you either in revelation, or in knowledge, or in prophecy, or in teaching?)

<sup>7</sup> For those things that be without soul, *[or life]*, and giveth voices (or maketh sounds), (yea), either pipe, either harp, but those give (a) distinction of soundings [or no but if they shall give (a) distinction of soundings], how shall it be known that that is sung, either that that is trumped [or is harped].

<sup>8</sup> For if a trumpet give an uncertain sound, who shall make himself ready to battle? (or who shall prepare himself for battle?)

<sup>9</sup> So but ye give an open word by tongue(s), how shall that that is said be known? (or And so, unless ye open, or ye interpret, the words spoken in a strange and ecstatic

*language, how shall what is said be understood?*) For ye shall be speaking in vain [or in the air].

<sup>10</sup> There be many kinds of languages [or tongues] in this world, and nothing is without voice (or and none of them is without sound or meaning).

<sup>11</sup> But if I know not the virtue of a voice (or But if I do not know the meaning of a sound), I shall be to him, to whom I shall speak, (*like*) a barbaric; and he that speaketh to me, shall be(*like*) a barbaric.

<sup>12</sup> So ye, for ye be lovers of spirits, *[that is, of ghostly, (or spiritual) gifts]*, seek ye that ye be plenteous to *(the)* edification of the church.

<sup>13</sup> And therefore he that speaketh in (a strange and ecstatic) language [or in tongue(s)], pray, that he expound (it), [or pray, that he interpret (it)]. (And so he who speaketh in a strange and ecstatic language, beseech him to interpret it.)

<sup>14</sup> For if I pray in tongue(s), my spirit prayeth; mine understanding, [or my mind, or reasoning], is without fruit. (For if I pray in a strange and ecstatic language, my spirit prayeth; but my thinking, or my reasoning, is without fruit.)

<sup>15</sup> What then? I shall pray in *(my)* spirit, I shall pray in *(my)* mind; I shall say psalm in *(my)* spirit, I shall say psalm also in *(my)* mind.

<sup>16</sup> For if thou blessest in (*thy*) spirit, who filleth the place of an idiot, [or unlearned man], (or For if thou blessest from thy spirit, if an unlearned man be there), how shall he say Amen on thy blessing, for he knoweth not, what thou sayest?

<sup>17</sup> For thou doest well (*thy*) thankings [*or* (*thy*) graces], but another man is not edified.

<sup>18</sup> I thank my God, for I speak in the language of all (*of*) you; [*I do graces to my God, for I speak in the tongue of all* (*of*) you;]

<sup>19</sup> but in the church I will (*rather*) speak five words in my wit, (*or but in the church I would rather speak five words from my mind, or out of my thoughts*), (*so*) that also I teach other men, than ten thousand words in (*a*) tongue [*not understood*].

<sup>20</sup> Brethren, do not ye be made children in wits, (or Brothers, do not be made like children in your minds, or in your thoughts), but in malice be ye children; but in wits be ye perfect.

<sup>21</sup> For in the law it is written, That in other tongues and other lips I shall speak to this people, and neither so they shall hear me, saith the Lord.

**1ST CORINTHIANS CHAPTER 14:32** 

<sup>22</sup> Therefore (*strange and ecstatic*) languages be into (*a*) token, not to faithful men, but to men out of the faith; but prophecies be not to men out of the faith, but to faithful men. (*And so tongues be a sign, not for men in the faith, but for men out of the faith; and prophecies be a sign, not for men out of the faith, but for men in the faith.)* 

<sup>23</sup> Therefore if all the church come together into one, and all men speak in tongues, if idiots, either men out of the faith, enter, whether they shall not say, What, be ye mad? (And so if all the church come together as one, and everyone speak in strange and ecstatic languages, if the unlearned, or those not in the faith enter, shall they not say, What is this? ye be crazy!)

<sup>24</sup> But if all men prophesy, if any unfaithful man or idiot enter, he is convicted of all, he is wisely deemed of all (*these* words). (But if everyone prophesy, if anyone not in the faith, or someone unlearned, enter, he is convicted by all of these words, he is wisely judged by all of them.)

<sup>25</sup> For the hid things of his heart be known, and so he shall fall down on the face, and shall worship God, and show verily that God is in you. (For the hidden things of his heart be known, and so he shall fall down on his face, and shall worship God, and truly show that God is there with you.)

<sup>26</sup> What then, brethren? When ye come together, each of you hath a psalm, he hath teaching, he hath apocalypse, *[or revelation]*, he hath tongue(*s*), *(or he hath a strange and ecstatic language)*, he hath expounding *[or interpreting]*; all *(these)* things be they done to edification.

<sup>27</sup> Whether a man speaketh in tongue(*s*), (or And if someone speaketh in a strange and ecstatic language), [be this done] by two men, either three at the most, and by parts, (so) that (some)one (can) interpret.

<sup>28</sup> But if there be not an interpreter, be he still [or speak he not] in the church, and speak he (only) to himself and to God.

<sup>29</sup> Prophets twain or three say, and others wisely deem. (Let two or three prophets speak, and others wisely judge what they say.)

<sup>30</sup> But if anything be showed to a sitter [or (to) one (who is) sitting], the former be still (or the first speaker stop speaking).

<sup>31</sup> For ye may all prophesy, each by himself, that all men learn (*or so that everyone can learn*), and all admonish.

<sup>32</sup> And the spirits of *(the)* prophets be subject to *(other)* prophets;

<sup>33</sup> for why God is not of dissension, but of peace; as I teach in all churches of holy men. (for God is not (the God) of conflict or discord, but (the God) of peace; as I teach in all the churches of the saints or of God's people.)

<sup>34</sup> Women in churches be still; for it is not suffered to them to speak, but to be subject, as the law saith. (Women should be silent in church; for it is not allowed for them to speak, but they should be subordinate, or in submission, like the Law saith.)

<sup>35</sup> But if they will anything learn, ask they their husbands at home; for it is foul thing to a woman to speak in the church. (And if they desire to learn anything, let them ask their husbands at home; for it is a foul thing for a woman to speak in the church.)

<sup>36</sup> Whether the word of God came forth of you, or to you alone it came? (*Did the word of God come forth from you, or did it come to you alone?*)

<sup>37</sup> If any man is seen to be a prophet, or spiritual, know he those things that I write to you, for those be the commandments of the Lord *[or for they be the commandments of the Lord]*.

<sup>38</sup> And if any man unknoweth (*or not knoweth*), he shall be unknowing. (*And if anyone is ignorant, let him be ignorant.*)

<sup>39</sup> Therefore, brethren, love ye to prophesy, and do not ye forbid to speak in tongues. (And so brothers, love prophesy, and do not forbid any to speak in strange and ecstatic languages.)

<sup>40</sup> But be all things done honestly, and by due order in you. (But let all things be done with seemliness, and by due order among you.)

### **CHAPTER 15**

<sup>1</sup> Soothly, brethren, I make the gospel known to you, which I have preached to you, which also ye have taken, in which ye stand, (*Truly, brothers, I make the Gospel, or the Good News, known to you, which I have preached to you, and which ye have received, and in which ye stand,*)

<sup>2</sup> by which also ye shall be saved; by which reason I have preached to you, if ye hold, if ye have not believed idly. (and by which ye shall be saved; for which reason I have preached to you, if ye will hold onto it, and if ye have not idly believed it.)

<sup>3</sup> For I betook to you at the beginning [or in the first] that thing which also I have received; that Christ was dead for our sins, by the scriptures; (For I delivered or I gave to you, from the beginning, that which also I have received; that the Messiah died for our sins, according to the Scriptures;)

<sup>4</sup> and that he was buried, and that he rose again in the third day, after [the] scriptures; (and that he was buried, and that he rose again on the third day, according to the Scriptures;)

<sup>5</sup> and that he was seen to Cephas, and after these things to (*the*) eleven; (*and that he was seen by Peter, and afterward by the Eleven;*)

<sup>6</sup> afterward he was seen to more than five hundred brethren together, of which many live yet, but some be dead; (afterward he was seen by more than five hundred brothers together, of whom many still live, but some of whom have died;)

<sup>7</sup> afterward he was seen to James, and afterward to all the apostles. (*afterward he was seen by James, and afterward by all the apostles.*)

<sup>8</sup> And last of all he was seen also to me, as to a dead-born child. (*And last of all he was also seen by me, as if to a dead-born child.*)

<sup>9</sup> For I am the least of the apostles, that am not worthy to be called *(an)* apostle, for I pursued the church of God *(or for I persecuted God's church)*.

<sup>10</sup> But by the grace of God I am that thing that I am; and his grace was not void in me. For I travailed more plenteously than all they; but not I, but the grace of God with me. (But by the grace of God I am what I am; and his grace was not given to me in vain. For I worked harder than all of them; but not me really, but the grace of God working through me.)

<sup>11</sup> But whether I, or they, so we have preached, and so ye have believed.

<sup>12</sup> And if Christ is preached, that he rose again from death [or that he rose again from (the) dead], how say some men among you, that the again-rising of dead men is not? (And if it be preached, that the Messiah rose again from the dead, then how can some men among you say, that there is no resurrection of the dead?)

<sup>13</sup> And if the again-rising of dead men is not, neither Christ rose again from death. (And if there is no resurrection of the dead, then the Messiah did not rise again from the dead.)

<sup>14</sup> And if Christ rose not, our preaching is vain, our faith is vain. (And if the Messiah did not rise again, then our preaching is in vain, and our faith is in vain.)

<sup>15</sup> And we be found false witnesses of God, for we have said witnessing against God, that he raised Christ, whom he raised not, if dead men rise not again. *(And we be found to*  be false witnesses about God, for we have said false testimony about God, that he raised the Messiah, whom he did not raise, if the dead do not rise again.)

<sup>16</sup> For why if dead men rise not again, neither Christ rose again; (Because if the dead do not rise again, then neither did the Messiah rise again;)

<sup>17</sup> and if Christ rose not again, our faith is vain; and yet ye be in your sins. (and if the Messiah did not rise again, then our faith is in vain; and ye still be in your sins.)

<sup>18</sup> And then they that have died [or that (have) slept] in Christ, have perished. (And then those who have died in the Messiah, have truly perished.)

<sup>19</sup> If in this life only we be hoping in Christ, we be more wretches than all men. (*If it is only for this life that we have hope in the Messiah, then we be greater wretches than anyone.*)

<sup>20</sup> But now Christ hath risen again from death [or Now forsooth Christ rose again, from dead men], the first fruit(s) of dead men; (But the Messiah hath risen again from the dead, yea, he is the first fruits of the dead;)

<sup>21</sup> for death was by a man, and by a man is again-rising (or the resurrection) from death. [+for soothly by a man (came) death, and by a man (the) again-rising of (the) dead.]

<sup>22</sup> And as in Adam all men die, so in Christ all men shall be quickened. (And so as in Adam all men die, so in the Messiah all men shall be enlivened or shall be given life.)

<sup>23</sup> But each man in his order; the first fruit(s), Christ, [or (the) first fruits, Christ], afterward they that be of Christ, that believed in the coming of Christ; (But each one in the proper order; the first fruits, the Messiah, afterward they who be of the Messiah, yea, those who believe at the coming of the Messiah;)

<sup>24</sup> afterward an end, when he shall betake the kingdom to God and to the Father, when he shall void all princehood, and power, and virtue. (and then the end, when he shall deliver the Kingdom to God the Father, when he shall make void, or shall do away, all princehood, and power, and authority.)

<sup>25</sup> But it behooveth him to reign, till he put all his enemies under his feet.

<sup>26</sup> And at the last, death the enemy shall be destroyed;

<sup>27</sup> for he hath made subject all things under his feet. And when he saith, all things be subject to him, without doubt except him that subjected all things to him.

 $^{28}$  And when all things be subjected to him, then the Son himself shall be subject to him, that made all things subject to him, (*so*) that God be all things in all things.

<sup>29</sup> Else what shall they do, that be baptized for dead men, if in no wise dead men rise again? whereto be they baptized for them? (Or else what shall they do, who be baptized for the dead, if in no way the dead rise again? why then be they baptized for them?)

<sup>30</sup> And whereto be we in peril every hour? (And why be we in danger every hour?)

<sup>31</sup> Each day I die for your glory, brethren, which glory I have in Christ Jesus our Lord. (Every day I die for your glory, brothers, which glory I have in the Messiah Jesus our Lord.)

<sup>32</sup> If after man I have fought to beasts, [or against beasts], at Ephesus, what profiteth it to me, if dead men rise not again? (or what is the benefit to me, if the dead do not rise again?) Eat we, and drink we, for we shall die tomorrow.

<sup>33</sup> Do not ye be deceived; for evil speeches destroy good conduct. [+Do not ye be deceived by false teaching; forsooth evil speeches, or false doctrine, corrupt good virtues.]

<sup>34</sup> Awake ye, just men, and do not ye do sin [or and do not ye sin]; for some men have ignorance of God, but to reverence, that is, to your shame, I speak to you (or I speak about you).

<sup>35</sup> But some man saith, How shall dead men rise again (*or How can the dead rise again*), or in what manner body shall they come?

<sup>36</sup> [O!] Unwise man, that thing that thou sowest, is not quickened, [no] but it die first; (O unwise man! that which thou sowest, is not brought back to life, unless it first die;)

<sup>37</sup> and that thing that thou sowest, thou sowest not the body that is to come, but a naked corn, (*or a kernel, or a grain*), as of wheat, or of some other *seeds*;

<sup>38</sup> and God giveth to it a body, as he will, and to each of *(the)* seeds a proper body. *(and God giveth it a body, as he so desireth, yea, to each seed its own body.)* 

<sup>39</sup> Not each flesh *is* the same flesh (*or All flesh is not the same flesh*), but one *is* of men, another *is* of beasts, another *is* of birds, another *is* of fishes.

<sup>40</sup> And *there be* heavenly bodies, and *there be* earthly bodies; but one glory *is* of heavenly bodies, and another *is* of earthly *[bodies]*. (And there be heavenly bodies, and there be earthly bodies; but one beauty or splendour is of or for heavenly bodies, and another beauty or splendour is of or for earthly bodies.)

33

<sup>41</sup> Another clearness *is* of the sun, another clearness *is* of the moon, and another clearness *is* of the stars; and a star diverseth from a star in clearness. (And there is one beauty or splendour for the sun, another beauty or splendour is for the moon, and another beauty or splendour is for the stars; and a star diverseth from a star in its beauty or splendour.)

<sup>42</sup> And so the again-rising of dead men (or And so the resurrection of the dead). It is sown in corruption, it shall rise in uncorruption;

<sup>43</sup> it is sown in unnobleness, it shall rise in glory; it is sown in infirmity, it shall rise in virtue, (or it is sown in frailty and weakness, it shall rise in strength and power);

<sup>44</sup> it is sown a beastly body, it shall rise a spiritual body, (*or it is sown as a fleshly body, it shall rise as a spiritual body*). If there is a beastly body, (*then*) there is also a spiritual body;

<sup>45</sup> as it is written, The first man Adam was made into a soul living, the last Adam into a spirit quickening. (as it is written, The first Adam was made into a living soul, the last Adam into the enlivening, or the life-giving, Spirit.)

<sup>46</sup> But the first *is* not that *[body]* that is spiritual, but that that is beast-like *(or that is fleshly)*, afterward that that is spiritual.

<sup>47</sup> The first man of earth *is* earthly; the second man of heaven *is* heavenly. (*The first man from earth (is) earthly; the second Man from heaven (is) heavenly.*)

<sup>48</sup> Such as the earthly man *is*, such *be* the earthly men; and such as the heavenly man *is*, such *be* also the heavenly men.

<sup>49</sup> Therefore as we have borne the image of the earthly man, bear we also the image of the heavenly man. (And so as we have worn the image of the earthly man, let us also wear the image of the heavenly Man.)

<sup>50</sup> Brethren, I say this thing, that flesh and blood may not wield the kingdom of God, neither corruption shall wield uncorruption [or incorruption]. (Brothers, I say this, that flesh and blood cannot possess the Kingdom of God, nor shall that which is corrupted or is mortal, possess incorruption or immortality.)

<sup>51</sup> Lo! I say to you (*a*) private [or a mystery] of holy things, (or Behold! I shall tell you a secret about the holy things). And all we shall rise again, but not all we shall be changed to the state of glory;

<sup>52</sup> in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, in the last trump; for the trump shall sound, and dead men shall rise again, without corruption [or incorrupt], and we shall be changed. (in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last

trumpet call; for the trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall rise again, without corruption, or incorrupt, or immortal, and so we shall be changed.)

<sup>53</sup> For it behooveth this corruptible thing to clothe uncorruption [or incorruption], and this deadly thing to put away [or to clothe] undeadliness. (For it behooveth that this corruptible thing be clothed with incorruption, yea, that this mortal thing put on, or be clothed with, immortality.)

<sup>54</sup> But when this deadly thing shall clothe undeadliness, then shall the word be done [or be fulfilled], that is written, Death is sopped up in victory. (But when this mortal thing shall be clothed with immortality, then shall the word be fulfilled that is written, Death is swallowed up in victory!)

<sup>55</sup> Death, where is thy victory? Death, where is thy prick? (*Death, where is thy victory? Death, where is thy prod?*)

<sup>56</sup> But the prick of death is sin; and the virtue of sin is the law. (And the prod of death is sin; and the power of sin cometh from the Law.)

<sup>57</sup> But do we thankings to God, that gave to us victory by our Lord Jesus Christ. (*But we give thanks to God, who gave us victory by our Lord Jesus Christ.*)

<sup>58</sup> Therefore, my dearworthy brethren, be ye steadfast, and unmoveable, being plenteous in *(the)* work of the Lord, *(for)*evermore witting that your travail is not idle in the Lord *(or always knowing that your labour is never in vain, or futile, in, or done for, the Lord)*.

#### **CHAPTER 16**

<sup>1</sup> But of the gatherings [or of the collects]of money that be made into (the) saints (or Regarding the collection of money that be made for the saints or God's people), as I have ordained in the churches of Galatia, so also do ye

<sup>2</sup> one day of the week (or the first day of the week). Each of you keep, [or lay up], at himself, keeping that that pleaseth to him(self), (so) that when I come, the gatherings be not made.

<sup>3</sup> And when I shall be present, which men ye (*ap*)prove, I shall send them by epistles to bear your grace into Jerusalem. (And then when I shall be there, whichever men ye shall approve, I shall send them with letters to take your gift to Jerusalem.)

<sup>4</sup> That if it be worthy that also I go, they shall go with me. (And if it be worthwhile that I also go, they shall go with me.)

<sup>5</sup> But I shall come to you, when I shall pass by Macedonia; for why I shall pass by Macedonia. (*But I shall come to you*,

when I shall pass through Macedonia; for I shall go through Macedonia.)

<sup>6</sup> But peradventure I shall dwell at you (or But perhaps I shall remain with you), or also dwell the winter (there), (so) that ye (can) lead me whither ever I shall go.

<sup>7</sup> And I will not now see you in my passing (through), [or Soothly I will not now see you in (or while) passing (through)], for I hope to dwell with you a while, if the Lord shall suffer, (or for I hope to remain with you for a while, if the Lord will allow it).

<sup>8</sup> But I shall dwell at Ephesus, unto Whitsuntide.

<sup>9</sup> For a great door and an open [or (an) evident](one) is opened to me (or For a great door is opened to me for effective work), and (there be) many adversaries.

<sup>10</sup> And if Timothy come, see ye that he be without dread with you (*or see that he be without anything to fear from you*), for he worketh the work of the Lord, as I (*do*).

<sup>11</sup> Therefore no man despise him; but lead him forth in peace, (*so*) that he come to me; for I abide him with (*the*) brethren (*or for I wait for him with the brothers*).

<sup>12</sup> But, brethren, I make known to you of Apollos, that I prayed (*or beseeched*) him much, that he should come to you, with (*some*) brethren. But it was not his will to come now (*or But it was not his desire to come now*); but he shall come, when he shall have leisure [*or when it shall be able to him*].

<sup>13</sup> Walk ye, and stand ye in the faith; do ye manly, and be ye comforted in the Lord, (*or be brave, and be strong in the Lord*),

<sup>14</sup> and be all your things done in charity. (and let everything ye do be done in love, or with love.)

<sup>15</sup> And, brethren, I beseech you, ye know the house(*hold*) of Stephanas, and of Fortunatus, and Achaicus, for they be the first fruits of Achaia, and into (*the*) ministry of (*the*) saints they have ordained themselves (*or and they have committed themselves unto the service of God's people*);

<sup>16</sup> that also ye be subjects to such, and to each working together and travailing.

<sup>17</sup> For I have joy in the presence of Stephanas, and Fortunatus, and Achaicus; for they [full-]filled that thing that failed to you (or for they did fully what you were unable to do, because of your absence);

<sup>18</sup> for they have refreshed both my spirit and yours. Therefore know ye them, that be such manner *men(or And so know and respect those who be such kind of men).*  <sup>19</sup> All the churches of Asia greet you well (or All the Asian churches send you hearty greetings). Aquila and Priscilla, with their home-church, greet you much in the Lord, at the which also I am harboured.

<sup>20</sup> All (*the*) brethren greet you well. Greet ye well together in holy kiss. (All the brothers send you hearty greetings. Give hearty greetings to one another with a holy kiss.)

<sup>21</sup> My greeting by Paul's hand.

<sup>22</sup> If any man loveth not our Lord Jesus Christ, be he cursed, Maranatha, that is, in the coming of the Lord, or in the day of doom. (If anyone loveth not our Lord Jesus Christ, let him be cursed on the Day of Judgement.)

<sup>23</sup> The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you.

<sup>24</sup> My charity be with you all in Christ Jesus our Lord. Amen. (My love be with you all in the Messiah Jesus our Lord. Amen.)

# GALATIANS

<sup>1</sup> Paul the apostle, not of men, nor by man, but by Jesus Christ, and God the Father, that raised him from death [or that raised him from (the) dead],

<sup>2</sup> and all the brethren that be with me, to the churches of Galatia, (*and all the brothers who be with me, to the churches in Galatia,*)

<sup>3</sup> grace (*be*) to you and (*the*) peace of God the Father, and of the Lord Jesus Christ,

<sup>4</sup> that gave himself for our sins, to deliver us from the present wicked world, by the will of God and our Father,

<sup>5</sup> to whom is honour and glory into worlds of worlds. Amen. (to whom be honour and glory forever and ever. Amen.)

<sup>6</sup> I wonder, that so soon ye be thus moved from him that called you into the grace of Christ, into another evangel [or into another gospel]; (I am amazed, that so quickly ye be moved away from him who called you into the grace of the Messiah, to another gospel;)

<sup>7</sup> which is not another, but that there be some that trouble you, and will mis-turn the evangel of Christ. (which is not truly another gospel, but that there be some who trouble you, and will pervert the Gospel, or the Good News, of the Messiah.)

<sup>8</sup> But though we, or an angel of heaven, preached to you, besides that that we have preached to you, be he accursed. [But though we, or an angel of heaven, evangelized to you, besides that that we have evangelized to you, cursed be he.]

<sup>9</sup> As I have said before, and now again I say, if any *man* preach to you besides that that ye have received, be he accursed [or cursed be he].

<sup>10</sup> For now whether counsel I men, or God? or whether I seek to please men? If I pleased yet men, I were not Christ's servant, (or If I still sought to please men, I would not be the Messiah's servant).

<sup>11</sup> For, brethren, I make known to you the evangel [or the gospel], that was preached of me (or by me), for it is not by man;

<sup>12</sup> nor I took it of man (*or nor I received it from any man*), nor learned (*it from any man*), but by [*the*] revelation of Jesus Christ.

<sup>13</sup> For ye have heard my conversation sometime in the Jewry, that I pursued *(sur)*passingly, *[or over-manner, or (over-) measure]*, the church of God, and fought against it.

<sup>14</sup> And I profited in the Jewry above many of mine evenelders in my kindred, and was more abundantly a follower *[or a lover]* of my fathers' traditions.

<sup>15</sup> But when it pleased him, that parted me (or who separated me) from my mother's womb, and called (me) by his grace,

<sup>16</sup> to show his Son in me, that I should preach him among the heathen, anon I drew me not to flesh and blood; (to show his Son to me, so that I would preach him among the Gentiles, at once I drew me not to flesh and blood;)

<sup>17</sup> nor I came to Jerusalem to the apostles, that were before me, but I went into Arabia, and again I turned again into Damascus. (nor did I come to Jerusalem to those who were apostles before me, but I went to Arabia, and then I returned to Damascus.)

<sup>18</sup> And since three years after I came to Jerusalem [or *Afterward after three years I came to Jerusalem*], to see Peter, and I dwelled with him (for) fifteen days;

<sup>19</sup> but I saw none other of the apostles, but James, *our* Lord's brother.

<sup>20</sup> And these things which I write to you, lo! before God I lie not.

<sup>21</sup> Afterward I came into the coasts of Syria and Cilicia.

<sup>22</sup> But I was unknown by face to the churches of Judea, that were in Christ (*or who were in the Messiah*);

<sup>23</sup> and they had only an hearing, that he that pursued us sometime (*ago*), preacheth now the faith, against which he fought sometime (*ago*); (*and they had only heard it said, that he who had persecuted us before, now preacheth the faith, which before he fought so very hard against;*)

<sup>24</sup> and in me they glorified God. (and they praised God for me.)

## **CHAPTER 2**

<sup>1</sup> And since fourteen years after [or Afterward after fourteen years], again I went up to Jerusalem with Barnabas, and took with me Titus.

<sup>2</sup> I went up by revelation, and spake with them the evangel [or the gospel], which I preach among the heathen, (or I went up by revelation, and spoke, or shared, the Gospel, or the Good News, with them, which I preach among the Gentiles); and by themselves to these that seemed to be somewhat, lest I run [or lest peradventure I should run], or had run in vain.

<sup>3</sup> And neither Titus, that had been with me, while he was heathen, was compelled to be circumcised; (And Titus, who had been with me, while he was a Gentile, was not compelled to be circumcised;)

<sup>4</sup> but for false brethren that were brought in, which had *[privily]* entered to espy our freedom *[or our liberty]*, which we have in Jesus Christ, to bring us *[or to drive us]* into servage *(or to drive us into servitude, or into slavery)*.

<sup>5</sup> But we gave no place to subjection, that the truth of the gospel should dwell with you. (*But we did not submit to their domination, so that the truth of the Gospel or the Good News would remain with you.*)

<sup>6</sup> But of these that seemed to be somewhat (or to be esteemed); which they were sometime, it pertaineth not to me, for God taketh not the person of (a) man (or for God favoureth not any person); for they that seemed to be somewhat (or to be esteemed), gave me nothing.

<sup>7</sup> But on the contrary, when they had seen, that the evangel of (*the*) prepuce (*or for the uncircumcision*) was given to me [*or that the gospel of heathen men is betaken to me*], as the evangel of (*the*) circumcision was given to Peter; (*But on the contrary, when they had seen, that the Gospel, or the Good News, for the uncircumcised, or the heathen, or the Gentiles, was given to me, like the Gospel, or the Good News, for the circumcised, or the Jews, was given to Peter;)* 

<sup>8</sup> for he that wrought to Peter in apostlehood of (*the*) circumcision, wrought also to me among the heathen; (*for he who made Peter the apostle to the circumcised, also made me the apostle to the Gentiles;*)

<sup>9</sup> and when they had known the grace *of God*, that was given to me, James, and Peter *[or Cephas]*, and John, which were seen to be the pillars, they gave the right hand of fellowship to me and to Barnabas, that we *[preach]* among the heathen *(or that we preach among the Gentiles)*, and they into the circumcision;

<sup>10</sup> only that we had mind of, [or that we should be mindful of], (the) poor men, the which thing I was full busy to do. (only that we should remember the poor, which I already was always doing.)

<sup>11</sup> But when Peter was come to Antioch, I against-stood him in the face, (*or I stood up against him, or I opposed him, to his face*), for he was worthy to be reproved.

<sup>12</sup> For before that there came some men from James [or Forsooth before that some came from James], he ate with

heathen men; but when they were come, he withdrew, and departed him(self), dreading them that were of (the) circumcision. (For before that some men came from James, he ate with the Gentiles; but when they had come, he withdrew, and separated himself, fearing those who were of the circumcision.)

<sup>13</sup> And the other *Jews* assented *[or consented]* to his feigning, so that Barnabas was drawn of *(or by)* them into that feigning.

<sup>14</sup> But when I saw, that they walked not rightly to the truth of the gospel, I said to Peter [or to Cephas] before all men, If thou, that art a Jew, livest heathen-like, and not Jew-like, how constrainest thou heathen men to become Jews? (or how can thou compel Gentiles to become Jews?)

<sup>15</sup> We Jews of kind, and not sinful men of the heathen, (We Jews by kind, or naturally, and not of the sinners of the Gentiles, as they be called,)

<sup>16</sup> know that a man is not justified of the works of the law, but by the faith of Jesus Christ; and we believe in Jesus Christ, that we be justified of *[or by]* the faith of Christ, and not of the works of the law. Wherefore of the works of the law each flesh shall not be justified. *(know that a man is not justified by the works of the Law, but by faith in Jesus Christ; and we believe in Jesus Christ, that we be justified by faith in the Messiah, and not by doing the works of the Law. And so by doing the works of the Law each flesh shall not be justified.)* 

<sup>17</sup> And if we seek to be justified in Christ, we ourselves be found sinful men [or to be sinners], whether Christ be (a) minister of sin? God forbid. (And if we seek to be justified in the Messiah, and we ourselves be found to be sinners, then is the Messiah a servant of sin? God forbid.)

<sup>18</sup> And if I build again things that I have destroyed, I make myself a trespasser.

<sup>19</sup> For by the law I am dead to the law, [For by the law I am dead to the law, that I live to God;]

<sup>20</sup> and I am fixed to the cross, that I live to God with Christ. And now live not I, but Christ liveth in me, (or and I am fixed to the cross, so that I live to God with the Messiah. But now I do not live, but the Messiah who liveth in me). But that I live now in (the) flesh, I live in the faith of God's Son, that loved me, and gave himself for me. [with Christ I am fixed to the cross. Forsooth I live now, not I, but Christ liveth in me. Forsooth that I live now in (the) flesh, I live in the faith of God's son, the which loved me, and betook (or delivered) himself for me.] <sup>21</sup> I cast not away the grace of God; for if rightwiseness be through (*the*) law [or for if rightwiseness is by the law], then Christ died without cause. (I do not throw away God's grace; because if righteousness can be gained through the Law, then the Messiah died without any reason or for no purpose.)

## **CHAPTER 3**

<sup>1</sup> O! unwitty Galatians, before whose eyes Jesus Christ is exiled, [or O! ye witless men of Galatia, before whose eyes Jesus Christ is damned or condemned], and is crucified in you, who hath deceived you, that ye obey not to truth? (O foolish Galatians! before whom Jesus was shown to be condemned, and crucified, who hath deceived you, so that ye do not obey the truth?)

<sup>2</sup> This only I desire to learn of you, whether ye have received the Spirit of the works of the law, or of hearing of belief? (I only desire to learn this from you, did ye receive the Spirit by doing the works of the Law, or by hearing and believing?)

<sup>3</sup> So ye be fools, that when ye have begun in Spirit (or because what ye have begun in the Spirit), [now] ye be ended in (the) flesh.

<sup>4</sup> So great things [or So many things] ye have suffered without cause, (or without any reason, or for any purpose), if it be without cause.

<sup>5</sup> He that giveth to you *[the]* Spirit, and worketh virtues in you, whether of works of the law, or of hearing of belief? *[Therefore he that giveth to you the spirit, and worketh virtues in you, whether of the works of the law, or of hearing of faith?](Giveth he the Spirit to you, and worketh works of power among you, because of ye doing the works of the Law, or because of ye hearing and believing?)* 

<sup>6</sup> As it is written, Abraham believed to God, and it was reckoned to him to rightwiseness.

<sup>7</sup> And therefore know ye, that these that be of belief, be the sons of Abraham. [+*Therefore know ye, that they that be of faith, they be the sons of Abraham.*]

<sup>8</sup> And the scripture seeing afar, that God justifieth the heathen of belief, [or Forsooth the scripture purveying, for God justifieth of faith heathen men], told before(hand) to Abraham, That in thee all the heathen [or all (the) folks] shall be blessed. (And the Scripture seeing afar off, that God justifieth the Gentiles by faith, said ahead of time to Abraham, Through thee all the nations and all the peoples shall be blessed.) <sup>9</sup> And therefore these that be of belief, [or Therefore they that be of faith], (or And so they who be of the faith or who have faith), shall be blessed with faithful Abraham.

<sup>10</sup> For all that be of (or rely on) the works of the law, be under (a) curse; for it is written, Each man is cursed, that abideth not [or that dwelleth not] in all (the) things that be written in the book of the law (or in the Book of the Law), to do those things.

<sup>11</sup> And that no man is justified in the law before God, it is open, for a rightful man liveth of belief. [Forsooth for no man is justified in the law with God, it is known, for a rightful man liveth by faith.]

<sup>12</sup> But the law is not of belief (or But the Law is not a matter of faith), but he that doeth those things of the law, shall live in them.

<sup>13</sup> But Christ again-bought us [or delivered us] from the curse of the law (or But the Messiah redeemed us from the curse of the Law), and was made accursed for us; for it is written, Each man is cursed that hangeth in (or on) the tree;

<sup>14</sup> that among the heathen the blessing of Abraham were made in Jesus Christ, that we receive the promise of (*the*) Spirit through belief. [*that the blessing of Abraham in heathen men should be made in Christ Jesus, that we take the promise of (the) Spirit by faith.*](so that among the Gentiles the blessing of Abraham came through, or by, Jesus Christ, and so we receive the promise of the Spirit through faith.)

<sup>15</sup> Brethren, I say after man, no man despiseth the testament (or the covenant) of a man that is confirmed, or ordaineth above, (or can add, or subtract), (any)[other thing].

<sup>16</sup> The promises were said to Abraham and to his seed; he saith not, In *[the]* seeds, as in many, but as in one, And to thy seed, that is, Christ *(or the Messiah)*.

<sup>17</sup> But I say, this testament *is* confirmed of God, (*or But I say, this covenant is confirmed by God*); the law that was made after four hundred and thirty years, maketh not the testament (*in*) vain to void away the promise [*or maketh* (*it*) *not void for to do away the promise*].

<sup>18</sup> For if [the] heritage were of the law, it were not now of (the) promise, (or For if the inheritance (is) by the Law, (it is) not by the Promise). But God granted [or gave] to Abraham through (the) promise.

<sup>19</sup> What then the law? that is, Whereto is the law profitable? [or What therefore profiteth the law?] It was set for trespassing, till the seed came, to whom he had made the promise. Which law was ordained by angels, in the hand of a mediator.

<sup>21</sup> Is then the law against the promises of God? God forbid. For if the law were given, that might quicken, verily were rightfulness of (*the*) law, [or verily rightwiseness were of (*the*) law], (or For if a law had been given, that could enliven, or that could give life, then truly righteousness would have come from keeping or obeying the Law).

<sup>22</sup> But the scripture hath concluded all things under sin, (so) that the promise of the faith of Jesus Christ were given to them that believe.

<sup>23</sup> And before that belief came, they were kept under the law, enclosed into that belief that was to be showed. [Forsooth before that the faith came, we were kept under the law, shut together into that faith that was to be showed.]

<sup>24</sup> And so the law was our under-master in Christ, that we be justified of belief. [+Therefore the law was our little master (or our teacher) in Christ, that we be justified of faith.] (And so the Law was our tutor in the Messiah, so that we would be justified through faith.)

<sup>25</sup> But after that belief came, we be not now under the under-master. [But after that the faith came, now we be not under the little master (or under the teacher).](But now that faith hath come, we be not under the tutor any longer.)

<sup>26</sup> For all ye be the children of God through the belief of Jesus Christ. [For all ye be the sons of God by faith in Christ Jesus.](For all of ye be God's children through faith in the Messiah Jesus.)

<sup>27</sup> For all ye that be baptized, be clothed with Christ. (*For all of ye who be baptized, be clothed with the Messiah.*)

<sup>28</sup> There is no Jew, nor Greek, no bondman, nor free man, no male, nor female; for all ye be one in Christ Jesus (or for all of ye be one in the Messiah Jesus).

<sup>29</sup> And if ye *be one* in Jesus Christ, then ye be the seed of Abraham, *and* heirs by *(the)* promise.

#### **CHAPTER 4**

<sup>1</sup> But I say, as long (*a*) time as the heir is a little child, he diverseth nothing from a servant, when he is (*the*) lord of all things, [or when he is lord of all], (or even though he is the lord of all);

<sup>2</sup> but he is under keepers and tutors, into the time determined of the father (or until the time determined by his father).

<sup>3</sup> So we, when we were little children, we served under the elements of the world.

<sup>4</sup> But after that the fulfilling of time came, God sent his Son, made of a woman, made under the law,

<sup>5</sup> that he should again-buy them that were under the law, that we should receive the adoption of sons. (so that he would redeem those who were under the Law, so that we could receive adoption as sons.)

<sup>6</sup> And for ye be God's sons, God sent his Spirit into your hearts, crying, Abba, Father. [Forsooth for ye be the sons of God, God sent the Spirit of his Son into your hearts, crying, Abba, that is, father.]

 $^{7}$  And so there is not now a servant, but a son; and if *he is* a son, *he is* an heir by God.

<sup>8</sup> But then ye unknowing God, served to them that in kind were not gods. (But when ye did not know God, ye served those who by their very nature were not gods.)

<sup>9</sup> But now when ye have known God, and be known of God, how be ye turned again to the feeble [or to the sick] and needy elements, to the which ye will again serve? (But now when ye have known God, and ye be known by God, how can ye return to those elements which be frail or weak, and lacking, yet which ye will serve again?)

<sup>10</sup> Ye take keep to days, [or Ye keep, or wait (upon), days], (or Ye care about special days), and months, and times, and years.

<sup>11</sup> But I dread you, lest without cause, I have travailed among you, [or lest peradventure I have travailed in you without cause]. (But you make me fear, that I have laboured among you for no good reason, or for no good purpose, or without any good result.)

<sup>12</sup> Be ye as I, for I *am* as ye. Brethren, I beseech you, ye have hurt me nothing, [or Brethren, I beseech you, ye have nothing hurt me].

<sup>13</sup> But ye know, that by, (or with), (an) infirmity of (the) flesh I have preached to you [or I have evangelized to you] now before;

<sup>14</sup> and ye despised not, neither forsook your temptation in my flesh, but ye received me as an angel of God, as Christ Jesus (or like the Messiah Jesus himself).

<sup>15</sup> Where then is your blessing? [or Where is therefore your blessedness, that ye had before time?] For I bear you witness (or For I testify about you), that if it might have been done, ye would have put out your eyes, and have given them to me.

<sup>16</sup> Am I then made an enemy to you, saying to you the sooth? (*Am I then made your enemy, by telling you the truth?*)

<sup>17</sup> They love not you well [or They love you not well], but they will exclude you, that ye (pur)sue them (or so that ye follow them).

<sup>18</sup> But (*pur*)sue ye the good (*for*)evermore in good, (*or But instead, always follow, or go after, the good, simply because it is good*), and not only when I am present with you.

<sup>19</sup> My small children, which I bear again, till that Christ be formed in you, [My little sons, whom I child, or I bring forth by travail, again, till Christ be formed in you,](My young children, whom I bring forth through travail, or with great labour, until the Messiah is formed within you,)

<sup>20</sup> and I would now be at you, and change my voice, for I am confounded among you. (*I wish that I could be with you, and change my tone, for I am confused about you.*)

<sup>21</sup> Say to me, ye that will be under the law, have ye not read the law?

<sup>22</sup> For it is written, that Abraham had two sons, one of a servant [or of a handmaiden], and one of a free woman [or of a wife].

<sup>23</sup> But he that *was* of the servant [or of the handmaiden] was born after the flesh; but he that *was* of the free woman [or of the wife] by a promise.

<sup>24</sup> The which things be said by another understanding. For these be two testaments (or For they be two covenants); one in the hill of Sinai, (en)gendering into servage, (or begetting into servitude, or into slavery), which is Agar. [+Which things be said by allegory. For why these things be two testaments; soothly the one in the mount Sinai, (en)gendering into servage, that is Agar.]

<sup>25</sup> For Sinai is an hill *that is* in Arabia, which *hill* is joined to it that is now Jerusalem, and serveth with her children.

<sup>26</sup> But that Jerusalem that is above, is free, which is our mother.

<sup>27</sup> For it is written, Be glad, thou barren, that bearest not; break out and cry, *[thou]* that bringest forth no children; for many sons *be* of her that is left of her husband, more than of her that hath an husband, *(or for there shall be more sons of her who was deserted by her husband, than of her who hath a husband)*.

<sup>28</sup> For, brethren, we be *[the]* sons of *(the)* promise after Isaac;

<sup>29</sup> but now as this that was born after the flesh pursued him that was after the Spirit, so now. (but just as he who was born after the flesh persecuted him who was born according to the Spirit, so it is also today.) <sup>30</sup> But what saith the scripture? Cast out the servant [or the handmaiden] and her son, for the son of the servant shall not be heir with the son of the free *wife*.

<sup>31</sup> And so, brethren, we be not sons of the servant [or of the handmaiden], but of the free wife, by which freedom [or liberty] Christ hath made us free. (And so brothers, we be not the sons of the handmaid, but the sons of the free wife, by which freedom the Messiah hath made us free.)

# **CHAPTER 5**

<sup>1</sup> Stand ye therefore, and do not ye again be held in the yoke of servage. (*And so stand firm, and do not be held again in the yoke of servitude or slavery.*)

<sup>2</sup> Lo! I, Paul, say to you, that if ye be circumcised, Christ shall nothing profit to you. (*Behold! I, Paul, say to you, that if ye be circumcised, the Messiah shall be of no profit to you.*)

<sup>3</sup> And I witness again to each man that circumciseth himself (or And I testify again to each man who circumciseth himself), that he is a debtor of all the law to be done.

<sup>4</sup> And ye be voided away from Christ, and ye that be justified in the law, ye have fallen away from grace. (And ye be devoid of the Messiah, yea, ye who be justified by the Law, ye have fallen away from grace.)

<sup>5</sup> For we through the Spirit of belief abide the hope of rightwiseness. [For we by (the) Spirit of faith abide the hope of rightwiseness.]

<sup>6</sup> For in Jesus Christ neither circumcision is anything worth, neither prepuce, but the belief that worketh by charity [or but (the) faith that worketh by charity]. (For in Jesus Christ circumcision is not worth anything, nor is uncircumcision, but only faith that worketh through love.)

<sup>7</sup> Ye ran well; who hindered you that ye obeyed not to the truth?

<sup>8</sup> Consent ye to no man; for this counsel is not of *(or from)* him that hath called you.

<sup>9</sup> A little sourdough impaireth [or maketh sour] all the gobbet. (A little leaven maketh the whole piece sour.)

<sup>10</sup> I trust on you in our Lord, that ye should understand none other thing. And who that disturbeth you [or Forsooth he that distroubleth you], shall bear doom (or shall receive God's judgement), whoever he be.

<sup>11</sup> And, brethren, if I preach yet circumcision, what suffer I yet persecution? then the stumbling of the cross is avoided/is voided. (And, brothers, if I still preach

circumcision, why do I still suffer persecution? for then the stumbling of the cross is made null and void.)

<sup>12</sup> I would that they were cut away, that disturb you. [I would that they that distrouble you, be also cut off.](I wish that those who disturb or trouble you, wanting you to be circumcised just like they be, would cut it all off!)

<sup>13</sup> For, brethren, ye be called into freedom [or into liberty]; only give ye not freedom [or liberty] into (an) occasion of (the) flesh, but by charity of [the] Spirit serve ye together (or but in the love of the Spirit serve one another).

<sup>14</sup> For every law [or all the law] is fulfilled in one word (or For all the Law is fulfilled in a single sentence), Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself.

<sup>15</sup> And if ye bite, and eat each other, see ye, lest ye be wasted each from (*the*) other (*or lest ye destroy one another*).

<sup>16</sup> And I say to you *in Christ(or And I say to you in the Messiah)*, walk ye in *(the)* Spirit, and ye shall not perform the desires of the flesh.

<sup>17</sup> For the flesh coveteth against the Spirit, and the Spirit against the flesh; for these be adversaries together, that ye do not all things that ye will, (or for they be adversaries with each other, so that ye do not do the things that ye desire to do).

<sup>18</sup> That if ye be led by *[the]* Spirit, ye be not under the law. (But if ye be led by the Spirit, ye shall not be under the Law.)

<sup>19</sup> And the works of the flesh be open, which be fornication, uncleanness, unchastity, lechery,

<sup>20</sup> service of false gods [or serving of idols], witchcrafts, enmities, strivings [or strives], indignations, wraths, chidings, dissensions, sects [or heresies],

<sup>21</sup> envies, manslayings, drunkennesses, unmeasurable eatings [or gluttonies], and things like to these, which I say to you before, as I have told to you before, for they that do such things, shall not have the kingdom of God, (or for they who do such things, shall not possess the Kingdom of God).

<sup>22</sup> But the fruit of the Spirit is charity (*or love*), joy, peace, patience, long abiding (*or endurance*), benignity, [*or good will*], goodness, mildness (*or meekness and humility*), faith,

<sup>23</sup> temperance, continence, chastity; against such things (*there*) is no law.

<sup>24</sup> And they that be of Christ, have crucified their flesh with vices and covetings [or concupiscences]. (And they who belong to the Messiah, have crucified their flesh with its vices and its coveting.)

<sup>25</sup> If we live by *(the)* Spirit, walk we by *(the)* Spirit;

<sup>26</sup> be we not made covetous of vain glory, stirring each other to wrath, *or* having envy each to *(the)* other. *(be we not made covetous of empty boasting, stirring each other to anger, or having envy with one another.)* 

## **CHAPTER 6**

<sup>1</sup>Brethren, if a man be occupied in any guilt [or overcome in any trespass], ye that be spiritual, inform ye [or teach] such one in (the) spirit of softness, [or meekness], beholding thyself, lest that thou be tempted, [falling in the same wise], (or lest thou be tested, failing in the same way, or in like manner).

<sup>2</sup> Each bear (*the*) other's charges, and so ye shall fulfill the law of Christ. (*Bear each other's burdens, and so ye shall fulfill the law of the Messiah.*)

<sup>3</sup> For who that troweth [or guesseth] that he be aught, when he is nought, he beguileth himself. (For he who thinketh that he is something, when he is really nothing, fooleth himself.)

<sup>4</sup> But each man prove his own work, and so he shall have glory *[only]* in himself, and not in another.

<sup>5</sup> For each man shall bear his own charge. (For each man shall bear his own burden.)

<sup>6</sup> He that is taught in word, commune he with him that teacheth him, in all goods [or in all good things].

<sup>7</sup> Do not ye err, God is not scorned; for those things that a man soweth, those things he shall reap, [or for why what things a man soweth, also these things he shall reap].

<sup>8</sup> For he that soweth in his flesh, of the flesh he shall reap corruption; but he that soweth in the Spirit, of the Spirit he shall reap everlasting life.

<sup>9</sup> And doing good fail we not; for in his time we shall reap, not failing.

<sup>10</sup> Therefore while we have time, work we good to all men; but most(*ly*) to them that be home-like [or that be the household members] of the faith. (And so while we have the time, do we good to all; but most of all to those who be members of the household, or the family, of faith.)

<sup>11</sup> See ye, what manner letters I have written to you with mine own hand.

<sup>12</sup> For whoever will please in the flesh, these constrain you to be circumcised, only that they suffer not the persecution of Christ's cross (or so that they themselves shall not suffer persecution for the cross of the Messiah). <sup>13</sup> For neither they that be circumcised keep the law; but they will *(or they desire)* that ye be circumcised, *(so)* that they have glory in your flesh.

<sup>14</sup> But far be it from me to have glory, *[no]* but in the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom the world is crucified to me, and I to the world.

<sup>15</sup> For in Jesus Christ neither circumcision is anything (of) worth, nor prepuce, but a new creature. (For in Jesus Christ being circumcised is not worth anything, nor being uncircumcised, but only being a new creation.)

<sup>16</sup> And whoever [*shall*](*pur*)sue this rule (*or And whoever shall follow this rule*), peace (*be*) on them, and mercy, and on (*the*) Israel of God.

<sup>17</sup> And hereafter [or From henceforth], no man be heavy to me; for I bear in my body the tokens, [or the wounds], of our Lord Jesus Christ (or for I bear on my body the signs, or the marks, of our Lord Jesus Christ).

<sup>18</sup> The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ *be* with your spirit, brethren. Amen.

# **COLOSSIANS**

<sup>1</sup> Paul, *(an)* apostle of Jesus Christ, by the will of God, and Timothy, *(a)* brother,

<sup>2</sup> to them that be at Colosse, holy and faithful brethren in Christ Jesus, grace and peace to you of God our Father and of the Lord Jesus Christ. (to those who be at Colosse, holy and faithful brothers in the Messiah Jesus, grace and peace be to you from God our Father, and from the Lord Jesus Christ.)

 $^{3}$  We do thankings to God, and to the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, (for)evermore praying for you, (We give thanks to God, and to the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, always praying for you,)

<sup>4</sup> hearing (of) your faith in Christ Jesus, and the love that ye have to all holy men, (hearing of your faith in the Messiah Jesus, and of the love that ye have for all the saints, or for all of God's people,)

<sup>5</sup> for the hope that is kept to you in heavens. Which ye heard in the word of truth of the gospel, (for the hope which is kept for you in heaven. Which ye heard in the Word of Truth, yea, the Gospel or the Good News,)

<sup>6</sup> that came to you, as also it is in all the world, and maketh fruit, and waxeth (*or and groweth*), as [*it is*] in you, from that day in which ye heard and knew the grace of God in truth.

<sup>7</sup> As ye learned of Epaphras, our fellow [or our evenservant], most dearworthy, which is a true minister of Jesus Christ for you; (As ye learned from Epaphras, our fellow servant, and most dearworthy, who is a true servant of Jesus Christ for you;)

<sup>8</sup> which also showed to us your loving in *(the)* Spirit.

<sup>9</sup> And therefore we from the day in which we heard, cease not to pray for you, and to ask, that ye be filled with the knowing of his will in all wisdom and ghostly (*or spiritual*) understanding;

<sup>10</sup> (so) that ye walk worthily to God pleasing by all things, and make fruit in all good work, and wax in the science of God (or and grow in the knowledge of God),

<sup>11</sup> and be comforted in all virtue, by the might of his clearness, in all patience and long abiding with joy, (and be strengthened in all power, by his glorious might, in all endurance and in long abiding with joy,)

<sup>12</sup> that ye do thankings to God and to the Father, which made you worthy into the part of heritage of holy men in light. [+doing thankings to God the Father, the which made us worthy into the part of heritage of holy men in light.](so that ye give thanks to God the Father, who made you worthy to share in the inheritance of the saints, or of God's people, in the light.)

<sup>13</sup> Which delivered us from the power of darknesses, and translated *[us]* into the kingdom of the Son of his loving,

<sup>14</sup> in whom we have again-buying, and remission of sins. (in whom we have redemption, and the forgiveness of sins.)

<sup>15</sup> Which is the image of God invisible, the first begotten of each creature. (Who is the image of the invisible God, the first-born before every created thing, or he who holdeth primacy over all Creation.)

<sup>16</sup> For in him all things be made, in heavens and in earth, visible and invisible, either thrones, either dominations, either princehoods, either powers, all things be made of nought by him, and in him, (For in him all things be made, in heaven and on earth, visible and invisible, yea, thrones, and dominions, and principalities, and powers, all things be made out of nothing, by him, and in him,)

<sup>17</sup> and he is before all, and all things be in him.

<sup>18</sup> And he is (*the*) head of the body of the church; which is the beginning, and the first begotten of dead *men*, (or who is the Source, and the first-born to be raised from the dead), (so) that he hold the first dignity, in all things. [+And he is (the) head of the body of the church; the which is the beginning, or the first of all, and the first begotten of (the) dead, that he be holding primacy, or the first dignity, in (or over) all things.]

<sup>19</sup> For in him it pleased all plenty to inhabit,

<sup>20</sup> and by him all things to be reconciled into him, and made peace by the blood of his cross, those things that be in earths, either that be in heavens. (and by him all things were reconciled to God, and he made peace by the blood of his cross, yea, for those things that be on earth, and those things that be in heaven.)

<sup>21</sup> And when ye were sometime aliened [or made strangers], and enemies by wit, in evil works, (or and enemies in thought, and by evil works), now he hath reconciled you

<sup>22</sup> in the body of his flesh by death, to have you holy, and unwemmed *(or without spot)*, and without reproof before him.

<sup>23</sup> If nevertheless ye dwell in the faith, founded, and stable, and unmoveable from the hope of the gospel that ye have heard, which is preached in all creature that is under

heaven (or which is preached in all Creation that is under heaven). Of which I, Paul, am made a minister,

<sup>24</sup> and now I have joy in passion(*s*) for you, and I [*ful*] fill those things that fail of the passions of Christ in my flesh, for his body, that is the church. (and now I have joy in my sufferings for you, and through them I fulfill that which fail of the sufferings of the Messiah in my flesh, for his body, that is the church.)

<sup>25</sup> Of which I Paul am made (*a*) minister [or a servant] by the dispensation of God, that is given to me in you, that I [*ful*] fill the word of God,

<sup>26</sup> the private [or the mystery] that was hid from worlds and generations. But now it is showed to his saints, (the secret that was hidden for countless generations. But now it is shown, or revealed, to God's people,)

<sup>27</sup> to whom God would make known the riches of the glory of this sacrament in heathen men, which is Christ in you, the hope of glory. (to whom God would make known the riches of the glory of this secret among the Gentiles, which is the Messiah in you, the hope of glory.)

<sup>28</sup> Whom we show, reproving each man, and teaching each man in all wisdom, that we offer each man perfect in Christ Jesus (or so that we offer each person complete in the Messiah Jesus).

<sup>29</sup> In which thing also I travail, in striving by the working of him, that he worketh in me in virtue (or that he worketh in me in power).

#### **CHAPTER 2**

<sup>1</sup> But I will (or But I desire) that ye know, what busyness I have for you, and for them that be at Laodicea, and whichever saw not my face in (*the*) flesh,

<sup>2</sup> that their hearts be comforted, and they be taught in charity, (or so that their hearts be strengthened, and they be taught in love), into all the riches of the plenty of understanding, into the knowing of [the] mystery of God, the Father of Jesus Christ,

<sup>3</sup> in whom all the treasures of wisdom and of science, [or of cunning], (or of knowing), be hid. (in whom all the treasures of wisdom and of knowledge be hidden.)

<sup>4</sup> For this thing I say, that no man deceive you in height of words. (And I say this to you, so that no one shall deceive you with high-sounding arguments.)

<sup>5</sup> For though I be absent in body, *[but]* by spirit I am with you, joying and seeing your order and the firmness of your

belief that is in Christ (or rejoicing and seeing your order and the firmness of your belief that is in the Messiah).

<sup>6</sup> Therefore as ye have taken Jesus Christ our Lord, walk ye in him, (And so as ye have received Jesus Christ our Lord, now walk in him, or now live in him,)

<sup>7</sup> and be ye rooted and builded above in him, (*that is, in Christ, or the Messiah*), and confirmed in the belief, as ye have learned, abounding in him in (*the*) doing of thankings, (*or and abounding in thanksgiving, or in the giving of thanks, to him*).

<sup>8</sup> See ye that no man deceive you by philosophy and vain, (or empty and futile), fallacy, after the tradition(s) of men, after the elements of the world, and not after Christ.

<sup>9</sup> For in him dwelleth body-like all the fullness of the Godhead.

<sup>10</sup> And ye be [*ful*] filled in him, that is (*the*) head of all principat and power.

<sup>11</sup> In whom also ye be circumcised in (a) circumcision not made with hand(s), in (the) despoiling [or in (the) nakedness] of the body of flesh, but in (the) circumcision of, (or made by), Christ;

<sup>12</sup> and ye be buried together with him in baptism, in whom also ye have risen again by (*the*) faith of the working of God, that raised him from death [or that raised him from (*the*) dead].

<sup>13</sup> And when ye were dead in your guilts, and in the prepuce of your flesh, he quickened together you with him; forgiving to you all guilts [or all (your) trespasses], (And when ye were dead in your trespasses, and in the uncircumcision of your flesh, or with your flesh uncircumcised, he enlivened you with Him; forgiving all of your trespasses,)

<sup>14</sup> doing away that writing of *(the)* decree that was against us, that was contrary to us; and he took away that from the middle, pitching it *(or fixing it)* on the cross;

<sup>15</sup> and he spoiled principats and powers, and led out trustily, openly overcoming them in himself.

<sup>16</sup> Therefore no man judge you in meat, or in drink, or in part of feast day, or of new moon, or of sabbaths, (And so let no man judge you about food, or drink, or taking part in Feast Days, or about new moons, or about the Sabbath,)

<sup>17</sup> which be (*but a*) shadow of things to coming [or which be (*but a*) shadow of things to come]; for the body is of Christ.

<sup>18</sup> (*Let*) No man deceive you, willing *to teach* in meekness (or with humility), and [*the*] religion of angels, those things which he hath not seen, walking vainly, swollen [or inblown] with (*the*) wit of his flesh (or with a worldly mind),

<sup>19</sup> and not holding the head, of which all the body, by bands and joinings together under-ministered and made, waxeth into *[the]* increasing of God.

<sup>20</sup> For if ye be dead with Christ from the elements of the world, what yet as men living to the world deem ye? (For if ye be with the Messiah, and so dead to the elements of the world, then why do ye judge like men still living in the world?)

<sup>21</sup> That ye touch not, neither taste, neither treat with hands those things,

<sup>22</sup> which all be into death by that use, after the commandments and teachings of men;

<sup>23</sup> which have a reason of wisdom in vain religion [or in superstition] and meekness, and not to spare the body, not in any honour to the fulfilling of the flesh.

#### **CHAPTER 3**

<sup>1</sup> Therefore if ye have risen together with Christ, seek ye those things that be above, where Christ is sitting on the right half of God, (or at the right hand, or on the right side, of God).

<sup>2</sup> Savour ye [or Understand ye] those things that be above, not those (*things*) that *be* on the earth.

<sup>3</sup> For ye be dead, and your life is hid with Christ in God.

<sup>4</sup> For when Christ shall appear, (*who is*) your life, then also ye shall appear with him in glory.

<sup>5</sup> Therefore slay ye your members, which be on the earth, fornication, uncleanness, lechery, evil covetousness, and avarice (*or greed*), which is (*the*) service of maumets, [*or of simulacra*], (*or which is being in service to idols*);

<sup>6</sup> for which things the wrath of God came on the sons of unbelief;

<sup>7</sup> in which also ye walked sometime, when ye lived in them (*or when ye lived among them*).

<sup>8</sup> But now put ye away all things, wrath, indignation, malice, blasphemy and foul words of your mouth.

<sup>9</sup> Do not ye lie, *[or gab]*, together; despoil ye you(*rselves*) from the old man with his deeds,

<sup>10</sup> and clothe ye the new man, that is made new again into the knowing of God, after the image of him that made him;

<sup>11</sup> where is not male and female, heathen man and Jew, circumcision and prepuce, barbarous and Scythian, bondman and free, but all things and in all things Christ. (where there is not male and female, Gentile and Jew, circumcised and uncircumcised, barbarian and Scythian, slave and free man, but the Messiah is all and in all.) <sup>12</sup> Therefore ye, as the chosen of God, holy and loved, clothe *[ye]* you with the entrails of mercy, benignity, and meekness *(or humility)*, temperance, patience;

<sup>13</sup> and support ye each one (*the*) other, [or bearing up together], and forgive to yourselves, if any man against any (other) hath a quarrel; as the Lord [Christ] forgave to you, so also ye. (and support one another, and forgive each other, if anyone hath a quarrel against another; like the Lord Messiah forgave you, so ye also should forgive.)

<sup>14</sup> And upon all these things have ye charity (*or love*), that is the bond of perfectness [*or the bond of perfection*].

<sup>15</sup> And the peace of Christ enjoy in your hearts, in which ye be called in one body, and be ye kind.

<sup>16</sup> The word of Christ dwell in you plenteously, in all wisdom; and teach and admonish yourselves in psalms, and hymns, and spiritual songs, in grace singing in your hearts to the Lord. (Let the Messiah's words remain plentifully in you, providing all wisdom; and teach and admonish each other with psalms, and hymns, and spiritual songs, singing with thanksgiving in your hearts to the Lord.)

<sup>17</sup> All thing(*s*), whatever thing ye do, in word or in deed, all things in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, doing thankings to God and to the Father by him, [or doing thankings to God the Father by him], (or giving thanks to God the Father through him).

<sup>18</sup> Women, be ye subject to your husbands, as it behooveth in the Lord.

<sup>19</sup> Men, love ye your wives, and do not ye be bitter to them.

<sup>20</sup> Sons, obey ye to your father and mother by all things [or in all things]; for this is well pleasing in the Lord. (Sons, obey your father and mother in everything, for this is greatly pleasing to the Lord.)

<sup>21</sup> Fathers, do not ye provoke your sons to indignation, (*so*) that they be not made feeble-hearted.

<sup>22</sup> Servants, obey ye by all things to fleshly lords, not serving at the eye, as pleasing to men, but in simpleness of heart, dreading the Lord [God], (or but with an honest, or a sincere, heart, having fearful reverence for the Lord).

<sup>23</sup> Whatever ye do, work ye of will as to the Lord and not to men; (Whatever ye do, do it or work it with the thought that it is done for the Lord and not for men;)

<sup>24</sup> witting that of the Lord ye shall take yielding of heritage. Serve ye to the Lord Christ. *(knowing that from* 

the Lord ye shall receive your inheritance as a reward. Serve the Lord Messiah.)

<sup>25</sup> For he that doeth injury [or wrong] shall receive that that he did evil; and (*the*) acception [or (*the*) taking] of persons is not with God, (or and the favouring of persons is not done by God).

#### **CHAPTER 4**

<sup>1</sup>Lords, give ye to (*your*) servants that that is just and even (or what is just and fair), witting (or knowing) that also ye have a Lord in heaven.

<sup>2</sup> Be ye busy in prayer, and wake in it, in doing of thankings; (Be diligent in prayer, and be watchful in it, and in thanksgiving, or in the giving of thanks;)

<sup>3</sup> and pray each for (*the*) other, and for us, that God open to us the door of word, to speak the mystery of Christ; for which also I am bound, (*and pray for one another, and for us, that God would open for us the door, or the occasion, to preach, yea, to speak about the secret of the Messiah; for which I am now in prison,*)

<sup>4</sup> that I show it, so as it behooveth me to speak.

<sup>5</sup> Walk ye in wisdom to them that be withoutforth, againbuying (*the*) time. (*Walk with wisdom, or Show wisdom, to those who be outside, redeeming the time.*)

<sup>6</sup> Your word be savoured with salt (*for*)evermore in grace; that ye know, how it behooveth you to answer to each man. (*Let your words always be gracious, and savoured with salt;* so that ye know, how it behooveth you to answer to everyone.)

<sup>7</sup> Tychicus, most dear brother, and faithful minister, and my fellow [or my even-servant] in the Lord, (or Tychicus, most dear brother, and faithful minister, and my fellow servant in the Lord), shall make all things known to you, that be about me.

<sup>8</sup> Whom I sent to you to this same thing, (so) that he know what things be about you, and comfort your hearts,

<sup>9</sup> with Onesimus, most dear and faithful brother, which is of you (or who is one of you); which shall make all things that be done here, known to you.

<sup>10</sup> Aristarchus, (*a*) prisoner with me [or mine even-captive], greeteth you well (or sendeth you hearty greetings), and Marcus, the cousin of Barnabas, of whom ye have taken commandments; if he come to you, receive ye him;

<sup>11</sup> and Jesus, that is said Justus; which be of (*the*) circumcision; they alone be mine helpers in the kingdom of God, that were to me in solace. (*and Jesus, who is also called Justus; all of whom be of the circumcision; they alone* 

be my helpers in the Kingdom of God, and were a great solace to me.)

<sup>12</sup> Epaphras, that is of you, the servant of Jesus Christ, greeteth you well (or sendeth you hearty greetings); ever busy for you in prayers, (so) that ye stand perfect and full in all the will of God.

<sup>13</sup> And I bear witnessing to him, that he hath much travail for you, and for them that be at Laodicea, and that be at Hierapolis. (And I testify about him, that he hath laboured much for you, and for those who be at Laodicea, and who be at Hierapolis.)

<sup>14</sup> Luke, the leech, most dear, and Demas, greet you well. (*Luke, the most dear physician, and Demas, send you hearty greetings.*)

<sup>15</sup> Greet ye well the brethren that be at Laodicea (or Give hearty greetings to the brothers who be at Laodicea), and the woman Nymphas, and the church that is in her house, [or and Nymphas, and the church that is in his house].

<sup>16</sup> And when this epistle is read among you, do ye, that it be read in the church of *(the)* Laodiceans; and read ye that *epistle* that is of *(the)* Laodiceans.

<sup>17</sup> And say ye to Archippus, See the ministry, that thou hast taken in the Lord (*or that thou hast received from the Lord*), that thou [*ful*] fill it.

<sup>18</sup> My salutation, by the hand of Paul. Be ye mindful of my bonds. The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ be with you. Amen.

# **2ND TIMOTHY**

<sup>1</sup> Paul, *[the]* apostle of Jesus Christ, by the will of God, by the promise of life that is in Christ Jesus, *(Paul, the apostle of Jesus Christ, by the desire of God, by the promise of life that is in the Messiah Jesus,)* 

<sup>2</sup> to Timothy, his most dearworthy son, grace, mercy, and *(the)* peace of God the Father, and of Jesus Christ, our Lord.

<sup>3</sup> I do thankings to my God, to whom I serve from my progenitors [or from my ancestors], in clean conscience, that without ceasing I have mind of thee in my prayers, night and day, (I give thanks to my God, whom I serve, like my ancestors, with a clean conscience, so that without ceasing I remember thee in my prayers, night and day,)

<sup>4</sup> desiring to see thee; having mind of thy tears, [or mindful of thy tears], (or remembering thy tears), (so) that I be [ful] filled with joy.

<sup>5</sup> And I bethink of that faith, that is in thee not feigned, which also dwelled first in thine aunt Lois, and in thy mother Eunice. And I am certain, that *(is)* also in thee.

<sup>6</sup> For which cause I admonish thee, that thou raise again the grace of God, that is in thee by the setting on of mine hands [or by the on-putting of mine hands].

<sup>7</sup> For why God gave not to us the spirit of dread, but of virtue, and of love, and of soberness. (*Because God did not give us the spirit of fear, but of power, and of love, and of resoluteness.*)

<sup>8</sup> Therefore do not thou shame the witnessing of our Lord Jesus Christ, neither (*of*) me, his prisoner; but travail thou together (*with others*) in the gospel by the virtue of God; (*And so do not be ashamed of the testimony of our Lord Jesus Christ, nor of me, his prisoner or a prisoner for his sake; but labour together with others for the Gospel or the Good News, by the power of God;*)

<sup>9</sup> that delivered us, and called (*us*) with his holy calling, not after our works, but by his purpose and grace, that is given [to *us*] in Christ Jesus before worldly times; (*who* delivered us, and called us with his holy calling, not according to our works, but by his purpose and grace, that is given to us in the Messiah Jesus before the creation of the world or before time began;)

<sup>10</sup> but now it is open by the lightening of our Saviour Jesus Christ, which destroyed death, and lightened life and uncorruption by the gospel. *(but now it is made open by the* 

appearance of our Saviour Jesus Christ, who destroyed death, and lightened life and uncorruption by the Gospel or the Good News.)

<sup>11</sup> In which I am set a preacher and apostle, and master of heathen men. (*In which I am ordained a preacher and an apostle, and a teacher of the Gentiles.*)

<sup>12</sup> For which cause also I suffer these things; but I am not confounded. For I know to whom I have believed, and I am certain that he is mighty to keep that *(which)* is taken to my keeping *(or that which is delivered unto my keeping)*, into that day.

<sup>13</sup> Have thou the form of wholesome words, which thou heardest of me in *(the)* faith and love in Christ Jesus. *(Have thou the form of wholesome words, which thou hast heard from me in the faith and love in the Messiah Jesus.)* 

<sup>14</sup> Keep thou the good [deposit, or (the good) thing], taken to thy keeping by the Holy Ghost, that dwelleth in us. (Keep thou, or Guard, the good deposit delivered unto thy keeping by the Holy Spirit, who dwelleth in us.)

<sup>15</sup> Thou knowest this, that all that be in Asia be turned away from me, of which is Phygellus and Hermogenes.

<sup>16</sup> The Lord give mercy to the house of Onesiphorus, for oft he refreshed me, and shamed not my chain. (*May the Lord show kindness to the family of Onesiphorus, for he often refreshed me, and he was not ashamed of my bonds, or my imprisonment.*)

<sup>17</sup> But when he came to Rome, he sought me *(out)* busily, and found *[me]*.

<sup>18</sup> The Lord give to him to find *(the)* mercy of God in that day. And how great things he ministered to me at Ephesus, thou knowest better.

## **CHAPTER 2**

<sup>1</sup> Therefore thou, my son, be comforted in (*the*) grace that is in Christ Jesus. (*And so, my son, be thou strengthened by the grace that is ours in the Messiah Jesus.*)

<sup>2</sup> And what things thou hast heard of me by many witnesses, betake thou these to faithful men, which shall be able also to teach other men. (And those things that thou hast heard from me, in the presence of many witnesses, deliver them to the faithful, or share them with the faithful, who then shall be able to also teach others.)

<sup>3</sup> Travail thou as a good knight of Christ Jesus. (*Labour thou*, *or Endure thou*, *like a good soldier of the Messiah Jesus.*)

<sup>4</sup> No man holding knighthood to God, *[en]* wrappeth himself with worldly needs, *(so)* that he please to him, to whom he hath proved himself.

<sup>5</sup> For he that fighteth in a battle, shall not be crowned, *[no]* but he fight lawfully.

<sup>6</sup> It behooveth an earth-tiller to receive *(the)* first of the fruits.

<sup>7</sup> Understand thou what things I say. For the Lord shall give to thee understanding in all things.

<sup>8</sup> Be thou mindful that the Lord Jesus Christ of the seed of David hath risen again from death, after my gospel, [+Be thou mindful that the Lord Jesus Christ of the seed of David hath risen again from (the) dead, after my gospel,](Remember, that the Lord Jesus Christ of the seed of David hath risen again from the dead, according to my Gospel or my Good News,)

<sup>9</sup> in which I travail unto bonds, as *(if)* working evil, but the word of God is not bound.

<sup>10</sup> Therefore I suffer [or I sustain] all things for the chosen (ones), that also they get the health that is in Christ Jesus, with heavenly glory. (And so I endure everything for the chosen ones, so that they also get the salvation that is in the Messiah Jesus, along with heavenly glory.)

<sup>11</sup> A true word *[is this that I say]*, that if we be dead together *[to the world]*, also we shall live together *[in bliss]*;

<sup>12</sup> if we suffer [or if we sustain], we shall reign together [with Christ], (or if we endure, we shall reign together with the Messiah); if we deny [him], he shall deny us;

<sup>13</sup> if we believe not, he dwelleth faithful, he may not deny himself. (*if we do not believe, he remaineth faithful, for he cannot deny himself.*)

<sup>14</sup> Teach thou these things, witnessing before God. Do not thou strive in words; for to nothing it is profitable, [no] but to the subverting of men that hear (it). (Teach these things, testifying before God. And do not argue; because it is profitable for nothing, but to the undermining of those who hear it.)

<sup>15</sup> Busily keep [or Take care] to give thyself (as) a proved, praiseable workman to God, without shame, rightly treating the word of truth. (Work hard to make thyself an approved, praiseworthy workman for God, without shame, correctly proclaiming the Word of Truth.)

<sup>16</sup> But eschew thou *[or shun thou]* unholy and vain *(or empty and useless)* speeches, for why those profit much to unfaithfulness,

<sup>17</sup> and the word of them creepeth as a canker. Of whom Philetus is, and Hymenaeus,

<sup>18</sup> which felled down from the truth, saying that the rising-again is now done (or saying that the resurrection hath happened already), and they subverted [or they turned upside-down] the faith of some men.

<sup>19</sup> But the firm foundament of God standeth, having this mark, The Lord knoweth which be his, and, Each man that nameth the name of the Lord, departeth from wickedness. (But the firm foundation of God standeth, having this sign or this inscription, The Lord knoweth whom be his, and, Each man who nameth the name of the Lord, goeth away from wickedness.)

<sup>20</sup> But in a great house be not only vessels of gold and of silver, but also of tree, and of earth, *(or but also of wood, and of clay)*; and so some *be* into honour, and some into despite.

<sup>21</sup> Therefore, if any man cleanseth himself from these, he shall be a vessel hallowed into honour, and profitable to the Lord, ready to (*do*) all good work.

<sup>22</sup> And flee thou *[the]* desires of youth, but follow thou rightwiseness, faith, charity *(or love), (and)* peace, with them that inwardly call the Lord of a clean heart, *[or with them that in-call the Lord of a clean heart], (or with those who call upon the Lord from a pure heart).* 

<sup>23</sup> And eschew thou [or shun] foolish questions, and without knowing, [or without discipline], (or without knowledge), witting (or knowing) that those (en)gender chidings.

<sup>24</sup> But it behooveth the servant of the Lord to chide not; but to be mild to all men (*or but to be meek and humble with everyone*), able to teach, patient,

<sup>25</sup> with temperance reproving them that against-stand the truth, that sometime God give to them forthinking, (*or repenting*), [*or penance*], (*so*) that they know the truth,

<sup>26</sup> and that they rise again from the snares of the devil, of whom they be held prisoners at his will (or by whom they be held prisoners by his desire).

#### **CHAPTER 3**

<sup>1</sup> But know thou this thing, that in the last days perilous times shall nigh, (But know this, that in the Last Days perilous times shall approach,)

<sup>2</sup> and men shall be loving themselves, covetous, high of bearing, proud, blasphemers, not obedient to *(their)* father and mother, unkind, cursed,

<sup>3</sup> without affection, [or good will], without peace, false blamers [or false challengers], uncontinent, [or unchaste], unmild, without benignity, <sup>4</sup> traitors, over-thwart [or froward], swollen [or blown]with proud thoughts, blind, lovers of lusts more than of God,

<sup>5</sup> having the likeness of piety, but denying the virtue of it (*or but denying its power*). And eschew thou (*or shun*) these *men*.

<sup>6</sup> Of these they be that pierce houses, and lead women captives [or and lead little women captive], charged (or burdened) with sins, which be led with diverse desires,

<sup>7</sup> (for)evermore learning, and never perfectly coming to the science, [or to the cunning], (or to the knowing), of truth. (always learning, and never perfectly coming to the knowledge of the truth.)

<sup>8</sup> And as Jannes and Jambres against-stood Moses, so these against-stand the truth, men corrupt in understanding *[or in soul]*, reproved about the faith.

<sup>9</sup> But further they shall not profit, for the unwisdom of them shall be known to all men, as theirs was.

<sup>10</sup> But thou hast gotten my teaching [or my doctrine], (or But thou hast received my teaching), ordinance, purposing [or purpose], faith, long abiding, love, patience,

<sup>11</sup> persecutions, passions, which were made to me at Antioch, at Iconium, at Lystra, what manner persecutions I suffered, and the Lord hath delivered me of all (or but the Lord hath delivered me from all of them).

<sup>12</sup> And all men that will live faithfully [or piously] in Christ Jesus, shall suffer persecution. (And all who will live faithfully, or piously, in the Messiah Jesus, shall suffer persecution.)

<sup>13</sup> But evil men and deceivers shall increase into worse, erring *[themselves]*, and sending *[others]* into error.

<sup>14</sup> But dwell thou in these things that thou hast learned, and that be betaken to thee, witting of whom thou hast learned (*them*); (*But remain thou in these things that thou hast learned, and that be delivered to thee, knowing from whom thou hast learned them;*)

<sup>15</sup> for thou hast known holy letters from thy youth, which may learn thee [or which may inform thee] to health, by (the) faith that is in Christ Jesus. (for thou hast known the holy Scriptures from thy youth, which can lead thee to salvation, through faith that is in the Messiah Jesus.)

<sup>16</sup> For all scripture inspired of (*or by*) God is profitable to teach, to reprove, to chastise, [*for*] to learn in rightwiseness,

<sup>17</sup> (*so*) that the man of God be perfect, learned to (*do*) all good work(*s*).

# CHAPTER 4

<sup>1</sup> I witness before God and Christ Jesus, that shall deem the quick and the dead, by the coming of him, and the kingdom of him, (I testify before God and the Messiah Jesus, who shall judge the living and the dead, by his coming, and his reign,)

<sup>2</sup> preach the word, be thou busy covenably without rest, (or be thou suitably busy, or be thou busy at every opportunity, without any rest, or without ceasing), reprove thou, beseech thou, blame thou in all patience and doctrine.

<sup>3</sup> For (the) time shall be, when men shall not suffer [or shall not sustain] wholesome teaching (or when men shall not allow or permit wholesome teaching), but at their desires they shall gather together to themselves masters (or *teachers*) itching [or pleasing] to the ears.

<sup>4</sup> And truly they shall turn away the(*ir*) hearing from (*the*) truth, but to fables they shall turn (or and instead they shall turn their attention to fables).

<sup>5</sup> But wake thou (or Watch), in all things travail thou, do [thou] the work of an evangelist, fulfill thy service, [or (thine) office], be thou sober (or be resolute).

<sup>6</sup> For I am sacrificed now, and the time of my departing is nigh (or and the time of my departure is near).

<sup>7</sup> I have striven a good strife (or I have fought a good fight), I have ended the course, I have kept the faith.

<sup>8</sup> In the tother time a crown of rightwiseness is kept to me, which the Lord, a just doomsman, shall yield to me in that day; and not only to me, but also to these that love his coming. (In the time to come a crown of righteousness is kept for me, which the Lord, a righteous Judge, shall give to me on that Day; and not only to me, but also to those who await his coming with love.)

<sup>9</sup> Hie thou to come to me soon. <sup>10</sup> For Demas, loving this world, hath forsaken me, and went to Thessalonica, Crescens into Galatia, Titus into Dalmatia:

<sup>11</sup>Luke alone is with me. Take thou Mark, and bring (him) with thee; for he is profitable to me into service.

<sup>12</sup> Forsooth I sent Tychicus to Ephesus.

<sup>13</sup> The cloth which I left at Troas at Carpas (or The cloak which I left with Carpas in Troas), when thou comest, bring with thee, and the books, but most(ly) the parchments.

<sup>14</sup> Alexander, the treasurer, showed to me much evil; the Lord shall yield to him after his works.

<sup>15</sup> Whom also thou eschew; for he against-stood full greatly our words. (Whom also thou should shun; for he very strongly stood against our words.)

<sup>16</sup> In my first defence no man helped me, but all forsook me; be it not areckoned to them.

<sup>17</sup> But the Lord helped me [or Forsooth the Lord stood nigh to me], and comforted me, that the preaching be [full-]filled by me, and that all folks hear, (and) that I am delivered from the mouth of the lion. (But the Lord stood near to me, or by me, and strengthened me, so that the preaching was fully proclaimed by me, and all the nations heard it, and I was delivered from the lion's mouth.)

<sup>18</sup> And the Lord delivered me from all evil work, and shall make me safe into his heavenly kingdom, to whom be glory into worlds of worlds. Amen. (And the Lord shall deliver me from all evil works, and shall bring me safely into his heavenly kingdom, to whom be glory forever and ever. Amen.)

<sup>19</sup> Greet well Prisca, and Aquila, and the house of Onesiphorus. (*Give hearty greetings to Prisca, and Aquila, and Onesiphorus' household or family.*)

<sup>20</sup> Erastus (*was*) left [or dwelt] at Corinth, and I left Trophimus sick at Miletum.

<sup>21</sup> Hie thou to come before winter. Eubulus, and Pudens, and Linus, and Claudia, and all brethren, greet thee well, (or and all the brothers, send hearty greetings).

<sup>22</sup> Our Lord Jesus Christ *be* with thy spirit. The grace of God *be* with you. Amen.

# **3RD JOHN**

<sup>1</sup> The elder *man* to Gaius, most dear *brother*, whom I love in truth (or whom I truly love).

<sup>2</sup> Most dear *brother*, of all things I make prayer, that thou enter, and fare wellfully (or fully well), as thy soul doeth wellfully (or fully well).

<sup>3</sup> I joyed greatly, for brethren came, and bare witnessing to thy truth, as thou walkest in truth. (I greatly joyed, for the brothers came, and gave testimony about the truth of thee, or and gave testimony about thee and the truth, yea, how thou walkest in the truth.)

<sup>4</sup> I have not more grace of these things (or I have no greater joy), than that I hear that my sons walk in (the) truth.

<sup>5</sup> Most dear *brother*, thou doest faithfully, whatever thou workest in (the) brethren, and that into pilgrims, (Most dear *brother*, thou hast done faithfully, all that thou hast done for the brothers, who were strangers, or were visitors,)

<sup>6</sup> which yielded witnessing to thy charity, in the sight of the church; which thou leadest forth, and doest wellworthily to God. (and they gave testimony about thy love, here in the church; yea, whom thou leadest forth, and helpest in a way worthy of God.)

<sup>7</sup> For they went forth for his name, and took nothing of heathen men. (For they went forth for his name, and took nothing from the Gentiles.)

<sup>8</sup> Therefore we owe to receive such, that we be evenworkers of (the) truth. (And so we all ought to receive such men, so that we be fellow workers, or do our share of the work, in spreading the truth.)

<sup>9</sup> I had written peradventure to the church, but this Diotrephes, that loveth to bear primacy, *[or (the) chief places]*, in them, receiveth not us. (I had written to the church, but this Diotrephes, who loveth to be in the lead, *or to take the chief place among them*, would not receive us, or did not welcome us.)

<sup>10</sup> For this thing, if I shall come, I shall admonish his works, which he doeth, chiding *[or chattering]* against us with evil words. And as if these things suffice not to him, neither he receiveth brethren, and forbiddeth them that receive, and putteth out of the church (or And as if this did not suffice for him, he would not receive the brothers, and forbade those who had wanted to receive them, and even put them out of the church).

3RD JOHN 14

<sup>11</sup> Most dear *brother*, do not thou (pur)sue (any) evil thing, but that that is (a) good thing. He that doeth well, is of God; he that doeth evil, seeth not God. (Most dear *brother*, do not follow after anything evil, but only after that which is good. He who doeth good, is of God; he who doeth evil, seeth not God.)

<sup>12</sup> Witnessing is yielded to Demetrius of all men, and of (the) truth itself; but also we bear witnessing, and thou knowest, that our witnessing is true. (A good testimony is given about Demetrius from everyone, and even by the truth itself; and I also give good testimony about him, and thou knowest, that my testimony is true.)

<sup>13</sup> I had many things to write to thee, but I would not write to thee by ink and pen. (I have many things that I would write to thee, but I will not write them to thee with pen and ink.)

<sup>14</sup> For I hope soon to see thee, and we shall speak mouth to mouth. Peace *be* to thee. (Your) Friends greet thee well. Greet thou well (my) friends by name. (Amen.) (Because I hope soon to see thee, and then we shall speak face to face, or in person. Peace *be* with thee. Your friends send hearty greetings to thee. Give hearty greetings to all of my friends by name. Amen.)